# **Historic, Archive Document**

Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.



# Hamilton's GARDEN ANNUAL 1940

HAMILTON SEED & COAL COMPANY, 116 FIRST STREET, S.E., CEDAR RAPIDS, IOWA



Bottom—GIANT PETUNIA, Supreme Florist Strain (See descriptions inside)

Bottom—ZINNIA, New Fantasy Wildfire (See descriptions inside)



# VITA-D VITAMIN-B.

# h

# Stimulates Faster Growth

Win new prestige as an expert gardener. Have flowers, plants, trees, shrubs that are outstanding for their size and beauty. And at no extra work, with the amazing new scientific plant food — VITA-BI. Dissolves instantly in water without stirring, mixing or bother of any sort.

VITA-BI tablets are creased for easy breaking in half to mix as little as one quart of solution at a time. This eliminates the waste of preparing larger quantities than needed. Save money. Buy VITA-BI. 40 tablets (enough for 40 gallons solution) for only 25c.

VITA-Bi (Vitamin B-1 — thiamin chloride) is also an ideal plant food for assuring faster, richer growth on transplantings. It is safe for plants and entirely harmless to the user. Don't delay. Order your supply of the new VITA-Bi today.

Available in supply of 200 tablets for only \$1.00.

SEEDS.

Distributed by

# \*\*\*\* HAMILTON SEED & COAL CO. \*\*\*\* fit out of Cedar Rapids, Iowa

The seed it offers you is good seed. Seed selected conscientiously and carefully by experienced seedsmen. Seed from famous growers in many parts of the world.

You can't get better seed anywhere . . . no matter how far away you send for it.

Yet we are right at your doorstep. Our store is not just a far-distant name — it's a nearby neighbor, a handy shopping place that's within easy reach of your garden.

Here you can get **everything** you need, in seed or garden supplies. Here you can bring in your garden worries, talk them over, and get practical, neighborly help. We know, from experience, the exact needs and conditions of gardening in this vicinity. We know local soils and local climate. That's why so many good gardeners find it's wise to do all their garden shopping here.

BUY SEED

FROM SEEDSMEN

When so much depends on the

Seed, why take chances?

Seed, why take chances?

Seed your garden the benefit

See your garden the benefit

A practical

Seedsman help you to cut down

Seedsman help you to cut down

Seedsman help you to cut down

Seedsman help you to seed from a

It pays to buy seed.

Store that knows seed.

WE INVITE YOU TO SHOP HERE EARLY AND OFTEN — IN PERSON — OR BY PHONE — OR BY MAIL. You'll find it pays.

#### ABOUT WARRANTIES

We take great care in the selection of our seed. But because we have no control over the many factors governing the success of the crop, we give no worranty, express or implied, as to description, purity, productiveness or any other matter of seeds, bulbs or plants, and will not be in any way responsible for the crop.

# AT OUR STORE - OR BY MAIL

This isn't a "mail-order" catalog. But you may order by mail any of the seeds or supplies it lists. Or you may phone for them

— or shop at the store — whichever you prefer.

# OUTSTANDING NEW DEVELOPMENTS



ANTIRRHINUM, Rosalie. One of the finest rust-resistant snapdragons. Packet, 25c.



SWEET PEA. Spring Flowering, Rose Pink. Entirely new — resistant to heot. Packet, 25c.



PETUNIA, Salmon Supreme. Distinctly new. Light salmon flowers, white throated. Packet, 15c.

# Especially Recommended for gardeners who









(At left) PHLOX DRUMMONDI, Solmon Glory. 1939 All-America Medol winner. Unusuolly lorge blooms with wide creamy-white eyes. Packet, 25c.

(Above) PANSY, Coronation Gold. A new ruffled ond spicy scented voriety. 1938 All-Americo Award of Merit. Packet, 15c.



(Left) CALENDULA, Oronge Fantosy. Crested, with unusual oronge edging and Mohogany-red center. Pocket, 15c.

(Right) HOLLYHOCK, Indian Spring. Exceptionally long bloom-ing Hollyhock. 1939 All-America Medal Winner. Pocket, 15c.

Be sure to see the New All-America Selections

on the next page





Fordhook Pepper — 1940 All America selection. A very large, early and prolific variety of rich green color, turning to crimson. It bears upright fruits in clusters of five to seven, with shiny skins and thick meat. Packet, 15c.

Ioana Hybrid Sweet Corn-1940 All America Medal winner. A 12 to 14 row, light yellow corn somewhat similar to Bantam Evergreen, but more vigorous, resistant to lodging, tolerant to heat and drought. Ears are uniform and cylindrical, about eight inches long. It is a midseason variety, and resistant to wilt. Packet, 15c.

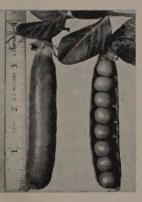
# New "stars" for your Vegetable Garden, too

Baby Potato Lima Beon-1940 All America Silver Medal winner. Here at last is a small, thick-seeded butter bean with real Fordhook flavor, early maturity and prolific growth. Pods are exceptionally large, with a beautiful bright green coloring which makes them especially appetizing. Plant grows twelve to sixteen inches tall. Pkt., 15c.

Early Prolific Straightneck Squash—This is a splendid yellow summer squash and some think the best of all. It is earlier, smaller, more productive, brighter yellow than Giant Yellow Straightneck and much more uniform. Packet, 10c.

Teton Pea—A new variety, large, straight, well-filled with blunt-ended pods borne mostly single. Pods are larger and darker green, but vines are similar to Thomas Laxton. Very early, large wrinkled seed, and seems fully wilt-resistant. Pkt., 10c.

Stakesdale Tomata—An extremely important new development, because it gives the gardener, for the first time, a 7-oz. tomato of streamlined proportions which matures in the second early group (a full week earlier than the Marglobe group). Smooth, brilliant color, exceedingly solid flesh and small seed cavities. Packet, 10c.



Teton Pea



Stokesdale Tomato



Ioana Hybrid Sweet Corn



Early Prolific Straightneck



Fordhook Pepper

# Flower Seed Selections

# FOR YOUR CONVENIENCE

The capital letters after the name of each flower give you the following information:

(a)—Annual (b)—Biennial

(hp)—Hardy Perennial (hhp)—Half-hardy Perennial

(tp)—Tender Perennial ●—Suited to Full Shade

-Suited to Semi-shade

## AGERATUM (a)

Free-flowering, easily grown onnuol for bedding, edging ar cutting. Blooms from early summer to frost. One of best blues.

Blue Cap—New, dwarf, 6-inch. Goad for edging. Wonderfully rich, deep blue. Packet, 15c.

Blue Perfection—Compoctgrowth, 9 inches. Dainty purple to dark blue flowers.

Fairy Pink — Soft rosy salmon pink blassams that come when plant is only  $1\frac{1}{2}$  to 2"—continuing until plant reoches its 5-inch maximum height. (See page 6 for color illustration.) Packet, 25c.

# ALYSSUM (a) (hp) ◆

Best of tiny garden flowers, blooms thraughout season and has delicate fragrance. Perfect for edging or ribbon planting. Grows uniformly in ony soil.

Carpet of Snow (a) — Finest edging plant. The mass of flat, rounded flowers form a continuously blooming snow-white ribbon in the border. 4 inches.

**Lilac Queen**—A dwarf, compact variety of deep lavender-lilac. Very handsome.

Little Gem (a)—Graceful dwarf plant, about 6 inches. Clouds of honey-scented white blooms. Excellent for edging, or massing.

Saxatile (hp)—Compact 9 inch plant, whose deep golden yellow flowers brighten the border in late spring.

#### AMARANTHUS (a)

Tall, robust, showy colorful folioge plant. Likes hot sunny sites, lean soil, and plenty of room.

Tri-calar (Joseph's Caat)—Inner foliage bronze, outer gold and

# **ANCHUSA**

Blue Bird (a) — ♦ — Sprays of vivid indigo blue, forget-me-not like flowers. Plonts are compact, even, showy. Bloams all summer. A brilliant addition to your garden. 15 inches.

# ANTIRRHINUM (a) ♦ Snapdragon

Sow early. They germinate slowly. A hardy onnual, with o gorgeous range of color. Keep seed pods picked and they bloom all summer. Guinea Gald — Striking flowers, glowing bronzy orange, with yellow throats. Plants grow dwarf and bushy, 12 to 18 inches high. 1939 All-American. Packet, 25c.

Miniature Snapdragon — All colors. A fine mixture of the smallest snaps for edging and pot culture. Packet, 15c.

Maximum Giant — A rust-proof strain with many splendid colors. Grow this strain if you have had difficulty with snapdragons. All colors. Packet, 15c.

Dwarf Mixed—All colors.

Tall-All colors.

Separate Colars — Shasta (White). Rose Pink, Butter Cup (Yellow), Scarlet Defiance, Fiery Crimson.

# AQUILEGIA (hp) ◆ Columbine

A delightful perennial eosily grown from seed. Sow in flots in early summer, transplant to bed in early foll. Prefers light shade ond fairly rich soil. Blooms in spring and early summer in a wide range of both brilliant ond pastel colors. 2 to 4 feet.

Lang Spurred — Mrs. Scatt Elliatt's—Extremely large flowers and spurs and a wide range of pastel colors. All colors.

Double Mixed.

# ASTERS (a)

Universally popular, the mainstay of the garden in late summer. Invaluable for cutting or bedding. Need rich new soil and goad sun. Most are now wiltresistant.  $1\frac{1}{2}$  to  $2\frac{1}{2}$  feet.

American Branching — Mixed — lorge, double flowers.

Enchantress — New wilt-resistant improvement of the Crego type, with long petals curled back and somewhat entwined. Pleasing pink with undertone of rich salmon. All-America, 1938. Packet, 15c.

Giant Comet Illusion—A beautiful flawer of its type, with o fine creamy salmon-pink color. Wiltresistant. Packet, 15c.

Giant Camet - Mixed.

Wilt-Resistant Early Giant — (China) Light Blue — Enormous, locy, clear light blue; a glorified Giant Crega. 3-foot branching plonts produce an abundance of 5-inch flowers with curled and interlaced petals. All-America Medal for 1939. Packet, 25c.

Impraved New California Giants
— Mixed and in a voriety of
colors. Robust growth, long stems.
Packet, 15c.

Queen af the Market — The early favorite. Spreading. 16 inches high. Flowers in July. Mixed colors.

Separate Colars—Crimson, Deep Blue, Heart of France, Lovender, Rose Pink, Purple, White.

Sunshine—All colors. Packet, 15c.

Super Giant El Mante — Curling, interlaced petals make feathery effect. Wilt-resistant. Glowing crimson. All-America, 1936. Packet, 15c.

BABY'S BREATH—See Gypsophila.

# or CENTAUREA (a)

Cornflower

Hardy, thistle-like flowers, fine for cutting and border planting. Bloom from early summer until hard frost. Pinch back to encourage branching.

Jubilee Gem — Dwarf, compoct growth, double, with dark blue blossoms. 12 inches. Fine cut flower. (See page 14 for color illustration.)

Blue-Universal favarite.

Mixed—Blue, white, maroon, pink, red.

Aster, Early Giant Light Blue

# BALLOON VINE (a) Love-In-A-Puff

Quick-growing, hardy, annual climber. The delicate foliage is an ideal cover for fences. Seedpods resemble balloons. Grows 10 to 15 feet.

# BALSAM (a) ♦ Lady Slipper

A favorite old time annual. Hardy, bushy plants 18 inches high. Wants partial shade ond plenty of moisture. Flowers on shart stems, sometimes twa inches across. Blooms for sixty days. Sow late, keep watered.

Dauble Mixed—A pleasing color range.

Bush Flawered—A free-flowering onnual which should be in more gardens. Bushy plants covered with blooms — wide color range.

Aster, Crego Enchantress



Antirrhinum, Guinea Gold

Amaranthus Caudatus

ALL
FLOWER
SEEDS
10c

Except where otherwise noted



Calendula Orange Fantasy





AGERATUM, Foiry Pink
(Floss Flower). Blooms from eorly summer
to frost. Ideal for borders or beds.
Pocket, 25c



COSMOS, Sensotion Mixed. Mommoth flowers up to 5 inches ocross. Pocket, 10c.



CALLIOPSIS, Golden Crown, 1938 All-Americo Award of Merit. Packet, 15c.



MORNING GLORY, Scorlett O'Horo 4-inch blossoms. 1939 All-Americo Medol Pocket, 15c



SCABIOSA, Rosette
Very large flowers and glowing color.
Long stiff stems, fine for cutting.
Packet, 15c



SCABIOSA, Blue Moon
Extro long stems and sweet fragrance.
Unusual shade. Retains color indoors.
Pocket, 25c



(Left) COSMOS, Sensotion Pinkie. Delightful new stroin of Sensotion. One of today's very finest cut flowers. Pocket, 15c.

(Right) TITHONIA SPECIOSA. Huge flowers on bushy, woody stems. Brightest possible flower for the foll gorden. Pocket, 10c.

# BEAN (a) Scarlet Runner

An edible scarlet and purple bean. Quick growing, bearing large sprays of scarlet colored pea-like flowers.

# BELLIS PERENNIS (b) English Daisy

Delightful little button-like flowers, loved for their bright color, long season, and profuse bloom. Stiff stems. Dwarf. 6 to 8 inches. Mixed—In many colors.

PIANIVET ELOWED 6

BLANKET FLOWER—See Gaillardia.

# BLUE LACE FLOWER (a) Didiscus

Exquisitely dainty clusters of lavender-blue flowers that look like tiny parasols. Fine for cutting, and bedding.

# BRACHYCOMBE (a) Swan River Daisy

Most of the summer this dwarfgrowing annual is covered with a mass of dainty blooms that resemble small cinerarias. For small beds, edgings or pot culture. Plants 12 inches tall.

BURNING BUSH or FIRE BUSH
—See Kochia.

# CALENDULA (a) Pot Marigold

Hardy annual, with rich green foliage. Grows anywhere. Stands drought and heat. Plant breeders have vastly improved this old-fashioned favorite. Flowers from early summer to frost.

Campfire Improved — Huge 4 inch, double flowers of deep orange. Heavy stems. Fine for cutting. (See page 14 for color illustration.) Packet, 15c.

Orange Fantasy — Distinctive, new, rather dwarf and heavily foliaged. Flowers are a delightful orange with a seal-brown crest of petals. 1938 All-America. (See Pg. 3 for illustration.) Pkt., 15c.

Orange King—Extra fine, dark color. Large bloom.

Orange Shaggy — Here is a new type with fringed and laciniated orange blooms of brilliant coloring. (See page 14 for color illustration.)

Sunshine or Chrysantha — Fine, loose petals of an unforgettable buttercup yellow. The plants are tall, imposing, and bloom freely. All-America 1934.

Mixed—A profusion of orange and yellow shades.

CALIFORNIA POPPY — See Eschscholzia.

# CALLIOPSIS (a) Tickseed

A gay annual in bright varied combinations of yellaws, orange, browns, and marcons. Long wiry stems for cutting. Easy to grow; bloom all summer. 2 feet.

Galden Crown — Enlarged type of orange-yellow or gold Calliopsis, All-America 1938. Some of these large flowers come with extra rows of petals, and all on long, wiry stems, fine for cutting. (See page 6 for color illustration.) Packet, 15c.

Mixed—A great variety of color combinations.

# CAMPANULA (a) Canterbury Bells

A brilliant old time favorite with colors ranging through whites, pinks, blues and lilac. Adaptable, but enjays good soil, too. Sow seed early indoors.

Cup-and-saucer Types—All colors.
Single—All colors.

Single and Dauble Mixed—Annual Canterbury Bells which bloom from seed the first year—fine for late summer border. All colors.

Annual-All colors. Packet, 15c.

# CANARY BIRD VINE (a) ◆

The flowers somewhat resemble a bird with half opened wings and are a fine canary yellow. Grows rapidly. Climbs well. A fine cut flower. Grows in shade.

#### CANDYTUFT (a)

Excellent in large masses or for borders. Grows quickly, Successive plantings should be made about every two weeks to assure continuous bloom. 12 inches.

White Hyacinth—Large spikes of bloom. For border, bedding or cutting.

Umbellata, Mixed—A splendid calor range.

CANTERBURY BELLS — See Campanula.

# CARDINAL CLIMBER (a)

Rapid climber — sometimes to thirty feet—with fern-like foliage and a blaze of cardinal red tubular flawers. Needs full sun and rich soil.

Ornamental Gourds

ALL
FLOWER
SEEDS
10 c

Except where otherwise noted

# CARNATION (a)

Spicy scented. With care and favorable conditions greenhause quality flowers may be produced in the open garden.

Chaubaud's Giant—Double, extra large, clove-scented flowers. Bloom five months after seeding. All colors.

Giant Marguerite — Highly scented, large, beautifully fringed flowers, sometimes 3 inches across. White, crimson, pink and several striped forms. All colors.

# CASTOR BEAN (a) Ricinus

The broad tropical leaves and brilliant colored fruit make a splendid, interesting background. Grows 6 to 15 feet. Needs good soil, ample sun and moisture.

# CELOSIA (a) Cockscomb

These graceful blossoms make a striking display and give brilliant, lang lasting blaoms for cutting. The variety of types is always interesting.

Rayal Velvet—This 2 foot plant produces a large center head and numerous large, long stemmed

Annual Chrysanthemum Balsam (Ladyslipper) Candytuft cackscombs of richest carmine or crimson. 1939 All-America.

Childsii Type — (Chinese Woolflower.) Mixed.

**Pyramidialis, Flame af Fire**—Fine dwarf type, fiery red. 18 to 20 inches.

Fiery Feather—An early-flowering variety with bushy 18 inch plants and fiery red color.

Galden Feather — Much like above but with brilliant golden yellow plumes.

**CENTAUREA** — See Bachelor's Button.

# CHRYSANTHEMUM (a)

Favorite for fall bloom. Pleasing color range. 2 to 4 feet. Single and Dauble, mixed.

CLARKIA (a) ◆

Graceful, erect, bushy plants, bearing many rosette-like delicately colored flowers, set along the stems. Good cut flower.

# COLEUS (a) •

An excellent foliage plant that does well indoors, and can be transplanted outdoors when warm weather comes. Unexcelled for barders and window boxes. Variegated leaves in shades of green, red, and yellow. Packet, 15c.

COCKSCOMB—See Celosia.
COLUMBINE—See Aquilegia.
CLOYER STRAWFLOWER—See
Globe Amaranth.

# COREOPSIS (a) (hp)

These graceful, daisy-like flowers with their broad fluted petals are a "must" for every garden. Long stemmed, wonderful for cutting. Glossy, rich yellow. Long blooming season.

Mayfield Giant—(Improved form of Lanceolata Grandiflora.) One of tallest and most vigorous of its type. Long, firm stems, large blooms.

Sunburst, Double—Packet, 15c.

CORNFLOWER—See Bachelor's
Button.

# COSMOS (a)

Feathery foliage and wealth of bloom through late summer and autumn. Wonderful for cutting, and arranging.

Orange Flare—This outstanding All-America winner is early flowering and grows into a fine bushy plant four feet high. The stems are long and wiry. The petals are rich, deep orange, sometimes  $2\frac{1}{2}$  inches across. (See page 14 for color illustr.)

Sensation Mixed—1933 All-America. Largest, and earliest of the mammath flowering varieties. 4 feet tall, bearing flowers up to 5 inches across. (See front cover and page 6 for illustration.)

Sensatian Pinkie — Bright rosepink flowers. Early, vigorous plants. (See page 6 for color illustration.) Packet, 15c.

Early Giant Singles, Mixed—5 to 6 feet.

Double Mixed — Bushy plants, long stems. (See page 14 for color illustration.) Packet, 15c.

# Marigold novelties and specialties





New strain of well-known Dixie Sunshine. Very early flowering. Blooms in 15 weeks. Pocket, 15c



MARIGOLD, French Dworf Harmony Double. Charming, distinct. Early free blooming. Packet, 10c.



MARIGOLD Crown of Gold. Pocket, 15c

1937 All-America Gold Medol winner.

TAN THE PARTY OF THE TRANSPORT



MARIGOLD, Burpee's Gold. Sweet-scented voriety with lorge double blooms. Most desirable for cut flower purposes. Pocket, 10c.

MARIGOLD, Giganteo Sunset Gionts. Largest of the Morigolds, blooms 5 inches and aver. Quilled ond in-curved petals. Pocket, 15c.

# NEWEST AND BEST OF THE Petunious



PETUNIA, Rose Gem. A new color note in the miniature petunia group—rich, deep rose-pink. Plants five to six inches high, smothered with blooms. Packet, 15c.



PETUNIA, Glow. Dazzling carmine. Borne in great profusion on dwarf bushy plants. Under the sun, the glowing carmine red is particularly fascinating. Packet, 50c.





PETUNIA, Giants of California. Blooms frequently as much as 7 inches in diameter. Ruffled. Packet, 20c.

(Left) PETUNIA, Hollywood Star. Perfect pink stars with yellow throats. Packet, 15c.

(Right) PETUNIA, Flaming Velvet. Large velvety flowers. One of the richest colored Petunias. Packet, 15c.

# Handy Flower Facts

	Height (Inches)	Space Between Plants (Inches)	nate
Ageratum Alyssum, Sweet Aster Calendula	3- 9 12-30	6 4 9 6-10	14 10-20 8-12 14
Calliopsis	12-50 12-24	6-8 8-12 6-12 12-18	14 14 15 11-18
Coreopsis	36-60 36-60	6-12 8-12 18-36 12-24	21 14 10 15-21
Forget-Me-Not Four O'Clock Gaillardia Gypsophila	. 18-24 . 12-18	4-6 8-12 6 6-10	14 15-20 10-14
Hollyhock Linum (Flax) Lupine Marigold	. 30-48	12-18 4-8 12-18 6-8	21 20-25 10 8
Mignonette	. 6-60 . 6-12	6-8 6-12 4-8 6-8	14 14 30 10
Phlox	. 10-18 . 12-36	4-6 12-18	10-14 10 14 10-14
Sweet William Verbena Zinnia	. 12-18	6-10	6-10 14 5-10





PETUNIA, Dainty Lady. Large, fringed variety of compact, neat growth. Aptly named. Packet, 20c.

CUPHEA (a)

Firefly—Every modern gardener will delight in the discovery of this dworf, compoct, showy plant. Small, delicately formed fiery red flowers, for border, edging, pots or window boxes. Pocket, 25c.

CYNOGLOSSUM (a)

Firmament (Chinese Forget-Me-Not)—A new dwarf type, with bushy plants and rich blue color. 1939 All-Americo. Packet, 15c.

DAHLIA (a)

Usually grown from roots, but interesting to raise from seed. Bedding types are indispensable. Wide color range. Seed indoors. Set out ofter frost date.

Single Mixed.

Double Mixed—Packet, 15c.

# **DELPHINIUM** (hp) ◆ Perennial Larkspur

Long floral spikes, in glorious shades of blue, white and pink. Excellent for backgrounds. Gorgeous cut flowers. Should be

Belladanna (Light Blue) - Delightful silvery-blue. Blooms pro-fusely. Packet, 15c.

Bellamasum (Dark Blue)-Rich, intense, deep blue. Pocket, 15c.

Wrexham Hybrids — Hollyhockflowered strain. Packet, 25c.

Shades af Blue.

# DIANTHUS (a)

Spicy, fragrant and showy. At home in beds or borders. Faithful bloomer. Fine for cutting. Brilliant colors.

Heddewigi Dauble Mixed—Fine variety of forms.

Heddewigi Single Mixed-Wide and varied color disploy.

Heddewigi Double and Single Mixed—The large Japanese pink. Sweet Wivelsfield—Fragrant with large 2 inch blooms. Bright crim-

DIDISCUS — See Blue Lace Flower.

DIGITALIS-See Foxglove.

ENGLISH DAISY - See Bellis Perennis.

# ESCHSCHOLZIA (a) ♦ California Poppy

For richness of color and pleasing simplicity of form these flowers have a few equals. Reds, gold, orange, scarlet, chestnut, pink, and a full range of poppy colors. Sow seed where they are

EUPHORBIA - See Snow-onthe-Mountain.

# FORGET-ME-NOT

(a) (hp) ◆ Myosotis

Well-known favorite, adapted to either beds or borders. Start early for flowers first season. One of best early spring flowers.

# FOUR O'CLOCK (a)

Red, yellow, rose, white and liloc mid-summer to frost.

blossoms that spread over the glossy foliage in mid-ofternoon.

## FOXGLOVE (b) ◆ **Digitalis**

These tall spires bring the chorm of an old fashioned garden, giving a wealth of brilliantly colored flowers with little attention. All calars.

# GAILLARDIA (a) Blanket Flower

Gay, showy blossoms in tones of orange, yellow, red and maroon brighten the garden all summer. About 18 inches. Profuse bloomer. Single and Dauble Mixed.

Perennial Monarch Mixed—(See page 14 for color illustration.) Indian Chief — Large, single bronze-red flowers of fine quol-

GEUM (hp)

Flowers like tiny double roses, on long stems, poised over a tufted plant. Prized for cutting. 2 feet.

Mrs. Bradshaw, Scarlet—Lorge, double, oronge-scarlet.

#### GLOBE AMARANTH (a) Gomphrena Everlasting

(Clover Straw-flower.) A true bochelor's button that may be dried for winter bouquets. Thrives well in pots and in the border.

# GODETIA (a) ◆ Satin Flower

Rich, satiny, azalea-like flowers, especially suited to partial shade. Will thrive in rother poor soil. Fine range of colors. 12 inches.

Single Mixed — Profuse and showy.

GOURDS (a)

Valuoble for their fine folioge, these climbers provide an interesting voriety of attractive, singularly shaped fruits and con always be counted on for pleasant surprises. Ornamental Varieties—Mixed.

# GYPSOPHILA (a) **Baby's Breath**

The misty bloom is excellent for cutting and adds interest to a bouquet. It is easy to grow and o generous bloomer.

Rase—Pleasant blush pink. White—A pure strain.

HELIANTHUS-See Sunflower. HELICHRYSUM - See Strowflower.

HELIOTROPE (a)

Cherry Pie Clusters of dork blue to deep violet flowers agoinst dull green folioge. Rapid grower. Start early for fine flowering plants all summer. Delightful frogrance.

HOLLYHOCK (hp) ◆

Effects not obtainable with other plants are possible with these fine tall, showy plonts. Rich, full spikes, ideal for backgrounds. 5 to 7 feet high. Blooms from



Kochia or Burning Bush



## HOLLYHOCK

Indian Spring-(o)-A new type that is attracting much attention. Semi-double and double fringed flowers in shades of pink, bloom on 4 to 5 foot plants within 5 months after planting seeds. 1939 All-America. Packet, 15c.

Double Mixed-Full, close bloom. Single Mixed—Choice color ossortment.

IPOMOEA—See Morning Glory.

# KOCHIA (a)

# Burning Bush or Fire Bush

A close, compoct, bright green pyramidal bush with moss-like foliage that turns to brilliont red in the foll. About 21/2 feet, excellent hedge plant.

LADY SLIPPER-See Balsam.

# LARKSPUR (a)

One of the best annuals, now much improved in form. A lovely bockground. Clustered flowers on tall spikes, feathery foliage. Keep faded blossoms cut.

Blue Spire-Most desirable blue. Dark Blue.

Exquisite Pink.

Stock Flawered, Mixed — Double vorieties in full ronge of colors. White Spire—Fine for cutting.

Giant Imperial Pink Perfection-2-inch florets of rounded broad petals, evenly and closely spaced on the stem, give a very heavy Hollyhock-like cutting spike 24 inches or more in length. A mognificent oddition to the home gorden. Early flowering. Pocket, 25c. (See front cover.)

LATHYRUS LATIFOLIUS - See Perennial Sweet Pea.

# LINUM (a) ◆ Scarlet Flax

Brilliontly colored flowers. The life of the individual flower is short, but blooming season can be prolonged by successive sowings.

#### LOBELIA

Crystal Palace (a) ♦ — Small round compact plonts, which form attractive little mounds of bloom, with rich, deep blue flowers and dark folioge. 4 inches. Very dwarf, long bloomer.

ALL FLOWER SEEDS 10 c PER PACKET

Except where otherwise noted



Delphinium

# AN ALL-STAR CAST OF Zimmious



(Belaw) ZINNIA, Fantosy Stor Dust. Clear, golden edition of new Fontosy type. 1937 All-Americo Selectian. Very early. Packet, 15c.



ZINNIA, Linearis

An enchonting ond interesting Zinnia of dworf hobits. Hundreds of flowers ot o time.

Pocket, 10c



ZINNIA, Lilliput Postel Mixed A very pretty, small-flowered Zinnia. Lovely, saft shades. Good far cutting. Packet, 10c



ZINNIA, Fontosy Wildfire. A distinctly new color note in Zinnias—a rich dozzling scorlet. Pocket, 25c.

(Belaw) ZINNIA, Scobious Flowered Mixed. Medium-sized flowers, with a remorkoble resemblonce to Scabioso. Pocket, 15c.



ZINNIA, Crown of Gald Large, double blooms, long stems. Pocket, 15c.

ZINNIA, Giants af Colifarnia. Extremely lorge blossoms. Pocket, 10c.

# LOVE-IN-A-MIST (a) Nigella

A pleasant mixture of clear cornflower-blue and white. Easily grown, compact, free flawering plant, admired for its mist-like foliage and curiously shaped seed pods. Mixed.

# LUPINE (a) ◆

Easily grown, hardy plant with long groceful spikes of richly colared flowers. Equally valuable for bedding, borders, or for cutting. 2 feet.

Russell Lupines—Lance-like rays of brilliant calors. A new development of Lupines from England. Packet, 15c.

King Lupines — Heavily flowered with large blooms, in dark blue, sky blue, rose and white. Mixed.

## MARIGOLD (a)

When most other plants have passed their prime, this bright colored annual is still blaoming prafusely. The Marigold has been improved more than any other flower family in the past few years. Blooms early and late.

Burpee's Gold — Sweet-scented, glowing golden Marigolds. The double blooms are extremely large, and resemble gloriaus, deep orange Carnations. Completely odorless. (See color illustration on page 8).

Crown of Gold — Odorless — Chrysanthemum - flowered. All-Americo 1937. Short, quilled center petals, collared with flat, deep orange guard petals. Plant is branching, 2½ to 3 feet tall, flowers in mid-season. (See page 8 for color illustration.) Packet, 15c.

Dworf Royol Scot—Rich mahogany red flowers with gold stripes. Plants are uniformly dwarf, bushy, and produce continuous, rather early blaom. (See Page 8 for color illustration.) Packet, 15c.

Early Sunshine—Dworf and very early flowering variety of Dixie Sunshine. Bushy, 24-inch plants, with yellowish-green foliage. Blossoms are 2 to  $2^{1}/_{2}$  inches in diameter, with uncurved petals of lemon or sulphur yellow. All-America 1939. (See page 8 for color illustration.) Packet, 15c.

French — Lang bloaming, tall plants. Double, with an excellent color variety, including the interesting striped variations.

Harmony Type French Dwarf Double Hybrid — Campletely new! All the fine features of Harmony but with a widely varied color range (as pictured on Page 3). Crested centers with several rows of broad guard petals. Undoubtedly destined to supersede other dwarf French types. Pocket, 25c.

Harmony Type French Dworf—Charming, distinct. Center petals deep orange, flanked by velvety dark maroan-brawn guard petals. Early, free blooming. Ift. plants. (See page 8 for color illustration.)

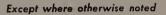
Harmony Type French Toll Single Ferdinand — Saucy, sprightly, and colorful. Single flawered, with a neat round, crested center, golden yellow, surrounded by a single row of broad, mahogany-red guard petals. Early blooming. Daes not have the strong Marigald odor. (See page 8 for color illustration.) Packet, 25c.

Gigantea Sunset Giants — Delightfully fragrant, without the usual Marigald odor. Double, beautifully formed flowers frequently 7½ inches across. Range from primrose through several fine yellows to deep orange. (See front cover and page 8 for color illustrations.) Packet, 15c.

Guinea Gold—Magnificent, tall brilliantly golden flower, with carnatian-like petals. Plants bear an abundance of well rounded, double and semi-double blooms.

Golden Glow — New, odorless. Flowers graw  $2^{1}/_{2}$  inches acrass, in clusters of from 5 to 10. Bloom in 17 weeks fram seed. (See color illustration on page 8.) Pocket, 25c.

ALL
FLOWER
SEEDS
10c





Salpiglossis (Painted Tongue)

ing season. Best of all varieties. (See page 14 for color illustration.)

Scorlett O'Horo — 1939 All-America that promises to reign as a favorite this season, and far many to came. Rich, winered, or deep rosy crimson—an entirely new color. Blassoms are about 4 inches in diameter, and are freely produced on fast growing vines. (See page 6 for color illustration.) Packet, 15c.

Imperial Japonese — A race of sun-laving flowers which have a wide color range through blues, reds and purples. All colors.

MOSS ROSE—See Portulaca.

Golden Globe (Dworf Double)
—Has color like Golden Gleam.
Bushy plants of free-flowering
habit. Goad for beds, borders or
pot culture.

Gem (Dwarf Double)—An ideal flower for edging or window boxes. Balanced range of bright colars.

Scarlet Gleom — Fiery, brilliant red.

Toll, (Trailing) Mixed—Wonderful for covering fence or trellis, or to droap from window boxes.

# NIEREMBERGIA HIPPOMANICA (a) Dwarf Cup Flower

Produces on abundance of



Yellow Supreme — New, sweet scented. Rich, pure yellow bloams measure nearly three inches. Keeps o week to 10 days when cut.

#### MIGNONETTE (a)

(Sweet Scented) — Once again this old, old, favorite returns to popularity. It is especially desirable for its richness and frogrance. Long blooming, ideal for cutting.

# MORNING GLORY (a)

Rapid, annual climbers, with dense foliage. Wide range of colors.

Heavenly Blue—Quick-growing, vigorous climber with extremely large blue flowers. Long bloom-

MOURNING BRIDE—See Scobi-

MYOSOTIS — See Forget-Me-

# NASTURTIUM (a) ♦

This hardy, easily grown annual thrives in soil other plants would scorn. Vivid color, on firm stems. Fine for cutting and mass planting.

Double Glorious Gleam Hybrids
— Beautifully formed, sweet
scented blossoms, with splendid
long stems. Of compact habit
with short runners. Wide variety
of colors.

Dworf Mixed — Compact, gemlike plants in many colors.

Golden Gleam—Fragrant, double, gleaming gold blossoms.

showy, smoll, cup-shaped blooms of clear lavender-blue color. Easy to graw. (See page 6 for color illustration.) Packet, 25c.

## NICOTIANA (a) ◆

The fragrant, long tubed, petunia-like blossoms pour full, rich, spreading fragrance over the garden every morning and evening.

NIGELLA—See Love-In-A-Mist.

**PAINTED TONGUE**—See Salpiglossis.

# PANSY (a) ◆

Gorden favorite for centuries. Start seed early indoors and transplant after danger af frost. Plant outdoors early for lote blooming.

Pansy (Cont'd)
Caronatian Gald — A large, lightly ruffled and scented variety of canary flushed orange. 1939 All-America. (See page 3 for color illustration.) Pkt., 15c.

Giants Mixed—Collection of the richest colors and markings known in Pansies. Packet, 20c.

Swiss Giants—Outstanding and unusual. Long stems, especially suited for cutting. (See page 14 for illustration.) Packet, 50c.

All Calars, Mixed and in Variaus Individual Colors.

PERENNIAL LARKSPUR — See Delphinium.

PERIWINKLE—See Vinca.

# PETUNIA (a)

These prolific annuals lend themselves to many uses. Massed in beds, they make a sea of color. For window baxes ar borders, they are unequalled. Profuse bloom is continued all summer and the first frast still finds them holding their own. Start indoors for early blaoms.

Bolcany Petunia—Produce longer, more spreading plants than the bushy sorts. Good for window boxes, or where an overhanging effect is desired.

Balcany Red, Purple, White, Rase, Mixed.

Burgundy—Large purple or carmine flowers, with white throats and violet tube. Packet, 15c.

Dainty Lady — Lovely, largefringed petunias. Delicate yellow blooms, tinged gold and deeper cream, on compact, neat plants. (See page 9 for color illustration.) Packet, 20c.

All Dauble Giant Fringed Mixed -Very large and extremely double—very showy in the garden. (See page 3 far color illustration.) Packet, 50c.

Floming Velvet—Blood-red flowers of rich and brilliont hue. One of best of recent novelties. (See page 9 for color illustration.) Packet, 15c.

Gionts of Colifornia - Largest single flowering Petunia. Ruffled 5 to 7 inch open-throated flowers in beautiful light rase and pink shades. Strong, free producing plants. (See page 9 for color illustration.) Packet, 20c. Giants of California Supreme Flarist Strain—Blaoms are unbelievably large, 5 to 7 inches, with shallow open throats surrounded by satiny petals very heavily ruffled. Flowers are in shodes of pink, rose and salmon rose, all with light, richly veined throats. Comparatively early. (See front cover for color illustration.) Packet, 25c.

Glaw—Dazzling new carmine red calor with dwarf bushy growth. Flowers measuring more than 21/8 inches across are borne in great prafusion on the dwarf plants. Under the sun, the glowing carmine red is particularly fascinating. (See page 9 for color illustration.) Packet, 50c.

Hollywood Star-Its five-pointed, star-shaped flawers of rose pink and creamy yellow throats are most unusual. Plants are bushy and erect—fast grawing. (See page 9 for color illustration.) Packet, 15c.

Ladybird — This new, compact, dwarf Petunia is of the deepest rose, with faint veins af a darker color towards the throat—and is a distinct addition to this type of Petunias. 1939 All-America Selection. Packet, 25c.

Martha Washington Dwarf - 9 inch plant forms a perfect ball almost entirely cavered with lovely large, frilled flowers. Blush-pink edges with strong wine-red veins, dark violet throat. Packet, 25c.

Rose Gem—Bright rose. Neat, compact 6-inch plants. (See page 9 for color illustration.) (See Packet, 20c.

Rose of Heaven—Velvety violet.

Salman Supreme - Dwarf bedding Petunia, distinctly new, with light salmon flowers, white throated. Plants are bushy, 12 inches high, and bloom pro-fusely over a lang season. 1938 All-America. Packet, 15c.

Single Bedding, Mixed—Collection of all the desirable colors.

# PHLOX (a) ◆

For a brilliant variety of colorings, plant Phlox. The sturdy plants thrive in almost any kind of soil, and flower freely during the entire summer.



Drummondi, Mixed - Large, individual blossoms and heads— a mixture of all the brilliant colars, and whites.

Drummondi—in individual shades.

Dwarf Mixed - Compact, symmetrical plants for bedding, edging, or borders. 6 to 8 inches. All the gay and soft

Salman Glory—A worthy novelty. 1939 All-America Selection. This huge flowered variety has soft, rich salmon-pink florets, with wide, creamy-white eyes. Abaut 10 inches high, runs quite true, and is a prolific bloomer. For bedding, cutting, or boxes. (See page 3 for color illustration. Packet, 25c.

Gigantea Art Shades — Very large flowers, in many lovely pastel shades, that are entirely new among Phlox. Packet, 15c.

# POPPIES (a) (hp)

For a showy, brilliant effect, Poppies are unsurpassed. Very hardy, will grow freely in almost any garden sail. Equally good in clumps or beds.

Colifarnia—See Eschscholzia.

Double Mixed (a)—Large, double flowers in many beautiful pastel colors.

Emperar — Giant flowered Iceland Poppy, extremely large flowered, brilliant arange. Packet,

Iceland Mixed (hp)—Graceful, with neat habits. Bright green, delicate, fern-like foliage. Abundant bloom of brilliant flawers, fine for cutting. Blooms first

Oriental Scarlet (hp) • - Few flowers make such a gorgeous shaw of riatous colars. The huge, red blossoms often are six inches

Single Mixed (o)—Splendid mixture of many colors and free blooming single flowers.

Shirley Mixed (a) — Artistically ruffled edges, large blaoms. A delightful assortment of colors with scarcely any two flowers alike.

# PORTULACA (a) Moss Rose

These showy annuals thrive in a sunny location and in light soil. Unforgettable display of colors. Fine for mass plantings, edgings. Single and Dauble

POT MARIGOLD - See Calen-

# PYRETHRUM (hp) ◆

A showy, hardy perennial that has its place in every well-planned garden. Plants bloom abundantly. A fine color range.

RICINUS—See Castor Bean.

# SALPIGLOSSIS (a) Painted Tongue

Large, lily-like flowers, velvettextured, in many bright and gaudy colors.  $2\frac{1}{2}$  to 3 foot plants, blooming from June until frost. Likes a sunny location.

# SALVIA (a)

An indispensable plant for bringing rich, brilliant color into the garden. Used far bedding, borders, or individual specimens.

Bonfire — Brilliant red flower spikes on round, symmetrical plants. Rather dwarf.

SATIN FLOWER—See Godetia.

# SCABIOSA (a) Mourning Bride

Dense heads of exquisitely colared, irregular flowers. Fine long stems. An invaluable flower for cutting—keeps almost a week.

Imperial Giants, Blue Moan-Strikingly different from any other Scabiosa. The completely dauble flawers are large and deep, resembling an old fashioned bee-hive in shape. Rich, deep lavender blue-a most unusual shade. Upright, tall plants, 42 to 48 inches high. Strong, wiry stems, ideal for cutting. Retains color indoors. 1939 All-America. (See front cover and page 6 for color illustrations.) Packet, 25c.

Rasette—Very large flowers of deep rose suffused with salmon. Long stiff stems. (See page 6 for color illustration.) Packet, 15c.

Mixed.



Strawflowers (Everlasting)

# ALL FLOWER SEEDS 10 c

Except where otherwise noted.

PER PACKET

# Garden Favorites of



GAILLARDIA, Monorch Mixed. Long, stiff stems. Excellent for cutting. Pocket, 10c.



CALENDULA, Oronge Shoggy, Deeply fringed ond lacinioted blooms. Pkt., 10c.



CORNFLOWER, Jubilee Gem. Dworf voriety of compoct growth and double flowers. Pocket, 10c.



PANSY, Swiss Gionts. Round flowers or enormous size. Bloom in early spring. Long stems, especially suited for cutting. Pocket, 50c.



COSMOS, Double Crested. Blossoms sometimes  $2\frac{1}{2}$  inches ocross. Pocket, 15c.



CALENDULA, Campfire Improved. Huge 4inch double flowers. Heovy stems. Fine for cutting. Pocket, 15c.



MORNING GLORY, Heavenly Blue. Luxuriont fost growth. Probably the best of all climbers. Pocket, 10c.

# Today—and Tomorrow



NEW GIANT SWEET PEAS Flowers of unheard of size and beauty. In a wide variety of shades. Packet, 10c



SWEET PEAS Early Flawering Spencer. Large flawers a manth earlier than ald Spencers. Packet, 10c

Zinnia For a succession of bloom:

(Several repeated sawings)

Sweet Alyssum Centaurea (Cornflower) Coreopsis Gypsophila

Sunflower

Mignonette Myosotis (Forget-me-not) Nigella (Love-in-a-mist) Phlox Drummondi

Poppy Purple Candytuft

For shady locations:

Sweet Alyssum Antirrhinum (Snapdragon) Centaurea (Sweet Sultan) Cynoglassum (Chinese Forget-me-nat) Eschscholtzia (California

Godetia Lupinus Hartwegi Myosotis (Forget-me-not)

Pansy Phlax Drummondi

For poor soil:

Sweet Alyssum Amaranthus Calendula (Pot-marigold) Celosia Plumasa (Feathered Cockscomb) Centaurea (Sweet Sultan) Careapsis

For edging: Shart, campact flawers with a lang blaaming season.

Ageratum Sweet Alyssum Celasia (Fire Feather) Centaurea (Dusty Miller) Nasturtium Pansy Petunia Partulaca Garden Verbena

For the rock garden:

Ageratum Alyssum Arabis (Rock Cress) Bellis (English Daisy) California Poppy Candytuft Dahlia, Dwarf Dianthus (Pinks) Forget-me-nat Linum (Perennial Flax) Nasturtium Nigella Pansy Petunia Phlox, Dwarf Portulaca Statice (Sea Lavender) Sweet William Zinnia

For their foliage:

Amaranthus caudatus (Love-lies-bleeding) Balloonvine Euphorbia (Snaw-on-the-mountain) Kochia (Summer Cypress) Ricinus (Castar-bean)

Everlastings for winter bouquets: Celasia cristata (Cocks-Gomphrena Gypsaphila Helichrysum (Strawflower) Lunaria (Honesty)

For their fragrance:

Sweet Alyssum Antirrhinum (Snapdragon) Centaurea (Sweet Sultan) Dianthus (Chinese Pink) Iberis umbellata (Purple Candytuft) Lathyrus odoratus (Per-ennial Sweet Pea) Mignonette Nicotiana Phlox Drummondi Stock Sweet Scabiosa

> For porch or windowboxes:

Ageratum Sweet Alyssum Centaurea (Dusty Miller) Edging Lobelia Petunia Phlax Drummondi Portulaca Dwarf Marigold Verbena Vinca (Periwinkle)

Climbing Vines:

Balloon Vine Canary Bird Vine Gourds Maan Flawer Marning Glory Nasturtium, Tall Scarlet Runner Bean Sweet Peas Perennial Sweet Peas

# ALL FLOWER SEEDS 10c

PER PACKET

Except where otherwise noted



Vinca (Periwinkle)

SCARLET FLAX—See Linum.

**SCARLET RUNNER**—See Bean, Scarlet Runner.

**SNAPDRAGON** — See Antirrhinum.

# SNOW-ON-THE-MOUNTAIN (a)

Euphorbia

The foliage is beautifully edged with white. Excellent for cutting. Above 2 feet.

STOCKS (a)

Unlimited charm and diversity of color. One of the most abundantly blooming annuals. Good for bedding, or pot culture.

Ten Week Stacks—Double rosette-like blossoms on fine sturdy stems in a brilliant range of diverse colors. May be potted, and taken indoors before frost.

**Evening Scented**—Pleasant fragrance, excellent range of colors.

Beauty Mixed.

# STRAWFLOWER (a) Helichrysum

Handsome when growing outdoors, and when dried make brilliant winter bouquets for the house. Amazing assortment of soft and vivid colors. Mixed.

# SUNFLOWER (a) Helianthus

Stately, well loved old favorites. Unsurpassed for backgrounds, or general coverage of unsightly places, because of their size and brilliancy. Tall or dwarf, single and double.

**SWAN RIVER DAISY** — See Brachycombe.

# SWEET WILLIAM (hp) ◆

Free flowering with beautiful large heads of bloom. Rich, fine colors. Single and Double, mixed.

#### SWEET PEAS (a)

These lovely garden favorites need well-fertilized soil. Water frequently on warm days.

Early Flowering Spencers—Developed particularly for outdoor planting during winter months in the warmer climates, but also used in cooler areas where they

bloom 2 to 3 weeks earlier than the summer flowering but not so continuously. (Mixed, and in a variety of colors.)

Late Flowering Spencer—In various individual shades and mixtures.

Ruffled Giant Spencer — Strikingly beautiful, unusually delicate in coloring. Perfectly formed, vigorous. In various individual shades and mixture.

Perennial Sweet Peas. (Lathyrus Latifolius)—Sturdy vine with luxuriant pea-like foliage, bearing large clusters of waxy, handsome



Perennial Sweet Pea

flowers — also pea-shoped. The vine is well adapted to scrambling over rocks, and rugged spots, but can be trained to a support.

TICKSEED—See Calliopsis.

# TITHONIA SPECIOSA (a)

Dazzling scarlet, large single flowers. Plants are very tall, but neat. Brightest possible flower for fall. (See Page 6 for color illustration.)

## VERBENA (a)

Favored alike for cutting and for display. Free blooming, with very large and colorful heads. In a wide variety of individual shades and mixtures.

Blue Sentinel—Unusual, rich navy blue flowers, with medium sized florets and trusses. 10 to 12inch compact plants, fine for neat, dark beds. 1939 All-America Medal. Packet, 25c.

Mammath mixed and in a variety of individual shades.

# VINCA (a) Periwinkle

A very ornamental and highly satisfactory bedding plant. Long flowering, with brilliant green foliage. Mixed.

# VIOLA (a) Baby Pansy

A free-flowering annual which should have a place in every garden. Good for rockery. Resemble pansy, although smaller. Mixed.

## WALLFLOWER (hhp)

A lovely early spring bloomer. The fragrance is very pleasing, and the blossoms develop startling colors. A fine selection of shades. Mixed.

# ZINNIA (a)

Deservedly one of the best loved, and most satisfactory of all garden annuals. For cutting purposes, they are unsurpassed. Easy to grow, thriving under almost any conditions.

Dahlia Flawered (Mammath) — The artistic pastel colors, and almost perfect dahlia-like form of these varieties make them greatly desired. 6-inch blooms. Mixed.

Crawn of Gald — Petals are overlaid with deep golden yellow at the base, with individual colors at tip. (See page 11 for color illustration.) Packet, 15c.

Fantasy Mixed—The new and delightful variety that has won nation-wide popularity—in a mixture of unusual colors. The flowers are great masses of shaggy roy-like, twisted petals. (See page 11 for color illustration.)

Fantasy Star Dust—Clear, golden yellow, Fantasy Type, whose charming shaggy-petaled blossoms lend informality and color to the garden. Good length on free-blooming plants. 1937 All-America. (See page 11 for color illustration.) Packet, 15c.

Fantasy Wildfire—Rich, dozzling scarlet. Strong growing and very free blooming. Sow seed where plants are to bloom. (See front cover and page II for color illustrations.) Packet, 25c.

Fantasy White Light—One of the whitest of all Zinnias. Curled and crested petals, bushy plants. 2½ to 3 feet. Packet, 25c.

Giants of California (Mammath)

—A magnificent strain of huge blossoms. (See page 11 for color illustration.) Mixed.

Lilliput Pastel Mixture—A fine mixture of tiny Zinnias that can be used for edging and as cut flowers. Real sparklers. (See page 11 for color illustration.)

Lilliput (Pampan) — Straightstemmed midget with daisy-like flowers. Mixed.

Linearis—One of the most interesting and unusual newer dwarf Zinnias. Single, golden-orange flowers, lemon yellow stripe through each petal. Brown centers. (See page 11 for color illustration.)

Midget Tam Thumb—The colors include all the best and most desirable Zinnia shades. The compact little bushes are only 6 to 10 inches high, and the tiny blooms are perfect doubles.



Zinnia Navajo

Navajo Mixed—This bi-colored, gaillardia flowered Zinnia is to-day's favorite among the newer varieties. Medium-sized flowers in a wonderful range of colors are unsurpassed for cutting. 21/2 to 3 foot plants, free blooming. 1938 All-America Selection. Packet, 15c.

Pumila Picatee Delight (Salman Rase)—Diversified markings and shape. Lovely color.

Red Riding Haad Dwarf—As delightful as the fairy tale, these little flowers make friends immediately.

Scabiaus Flowered—An interesting new Zinnia resembling a Scabiosa. Large semi-globulor crown, surrounded by a fringe of petals. The colors have delightful variety, and there are many charming contrasts between the colors of the fringes and the central crowns. (See page 11 for color illustration.) Packet, 15c.

Haageana (Mexican Hybrids)
—A miniature Zinnia with flowers of yellow, orange, and mohogany—frequently variegated.
Some blossoms are single and some double.

If there is some rare or unusual flower variety you can't find listed in this book... just ask us for it.

We'll get it for you!





Yellow King Humbert

# Cannas

King Humbert—Gigantic flowers, brilliant orange scarlet, with bright red markings. Bronze leaved. 5 feet.

Yellow King Humbert—Golden-yellow, dotted red. Green foliage. 4 feet.

President—Easily the best red canna. Immense flowers of rich, intense scarlet. Green foliage. 4 feet.

Hungaria—The best true pink canna. Large flower trusses; green foliage.  $3\frac{1}{2}$  feet.

Wintzer's Colossol—Largest flowering canna. Vivid, blazing scarlet. Green foliage. 5 feet.

# Lilies

Auratum—The gold-banded Lily of Japan. Flowers from 8 to 10 inches in diameter. White, chocolate crimson spots, with a gold band on each petal.

**Rubrum** — A hardy, beautiful **Lily**. Flowers are white, flushed pink, and spotted carmine.

**Regal**—Trumpet shaped, white flowers, slightly pink tinged. Canary yellow centers. Very hardy.

Henryi—Rich apricot to orange-yellow. Stalks 5 feet or more carry many huge flowers on each.

Phillipine—Flowers often as much as 6 or 7 inches long. Fragrant, elegant, and graceful. White, slightly marked with reddish-brown.

**Tigrinum**—Easiest to grow, and best known of all Lilies. Orange-red flowers, spotted purple.

Colla Lily—Rich, lustrous, golden-yellow flowers, with creamy white spots. Distinctive, dark green foliage.

#### **TUBEROSES**

One of the most fragrant of all flowers. Tall spikes of double waxy blooms borne on toll stems. One of the loveliest flowering bulbs. Spearshaped, grass-like foliage. Annual replacement frequently advisable.

# CHOICE OF ALL THE Gladiolus

Aflame—Truly enormous flowers on tall spikes. Begonia-rose, edged with bright orange-flame.

Albatros—New giant pure white on tall spike of good standing.

Betty Nutholl—Salmon pink, with yellow throat markings. Florets of fine texture on large, strong spikes.

Bagdad — Very large, smoky old rose, lighter throat, 5-6 florets open at a time on tall, straight spike.

Charles Dickens—Strong growing bright, radiant purple. Many blooms open at a time. Perfect placement.

Cammander Koehl—Fine red. Tall spike. Florets very large, of dark scarlet without markings.

**Dr. F. E. Bennett**—Fiery orange-scarlet. Very large flowering, many open.

Galden Dream—Pure, clear, golden-yellow flowers of medium size on very tall stems, many open at one time.

Giant Nymph—Lovely, light salmon-pink suffused with creamy yellow in the throat. Giant flowers. One of the best.

La Palama—Gorgeous, vivid orange with inconspicuous white spearhead in throat. Large flowers; tall spike.

Moid of Orleans — A beautiful milky white, with light cream throat. Tall spike with 6-8 perfectly placed florets.

Mrs. Leon Douglas—Bright begonia-rose striped with soft orange-scarlet. Very large, showy and vigorous.

Minuet—Beautiful, clear light lavender, very large flower of heavy substance. Considered by many the best lavender.

Paul Pfitzer—Brilliant rich reddish purple flowers with a striking velvety sheen. Good grower.

**Picordy**—Immense spikes of rich apricotpink blooms. Individual florets are extremely large, slightly ruffled and of wax-like appearance.

# Dahlias

# PRIZE WINNING VARIETIES



Jersey Beauty — Supreme among pink dahlias.

Jane Cowl—Deep, massive blooms, buff and old gold petals curled and twisted. Mrs. I. De Ver Warner—Large blooms, old rose suffused lilac. Jean Kerr—Fine white, long stemmed dahlia. Blooms early.

Jersey Beacon—Chinese scarlet with a lighter reverse. Long, strong stems.

Omar Khoyam—Chinese red, shading to bright orange, with paler tips. Flowers often 10 inches.

Thomas A. Edison — Gorgeous blooms of rich royal purple.

**Kentucky**—Salmon pink with yellow and gold blend.

Monmouth Champian—Immense, brilliant orange flowers on perfect stems.

Pompan Dahlios — Charming "button" dahlias that grow freely, require little care but reward you with a wealth of gorgeous cut-flowers summer and fall. In mauve, pink red, white, bronze, yellow.

#### CALADIUM

Fancy-Leoved Coladium — Few summer foliage plants can equal the fancy leaved Caladiums for rich, beautiful color and dramatic effect. Semi-tropical bulbs.

Elephant's Ear—One of the largest ornamental foliage plants for beds and borders. The huge green leaves give a most unusual effect.

# Hamilton's choice bulbs for Spring planting

Eoch Doz. 100

GLADIOLUS: Betty Nuthall, Giont Nymph,
Golden Dreom, Mrs.
Leon Douglos .......\$.05 \$ .50 \$3.00

Aflome, Bogdod, Dr. F. E.
Bennett, Lo Polomo,
Chorles Dickens, Picordy ..05 ..55 3.50

Albotross, Commonder
Koehl, Moid of Orleons,
Minuet, Poul Pfitzer ..........06 ..65 4.00

DAHLIAS: Jersey's Beouty,
Jane Cowl, Jeon Kerr,
Mrs. I. D. Ver Worner,

DAHLIAS: Jersey's Beouty,
Jene Cowl, Jeon Kerr,
Mrs. I. D. Ver Worner,

HAMILTON SEED & COAL CO.



For o real thrill, stroll through our Nursery Department this spring! Whether you plont for pleosure or for profit, you'll be glod you come! Here you'll see nursery stock that just mokes your fingers itch for a spode and a spot to dig in! Big, husky plonts and trees, bursting with life—stronger, heavier, better-rooted than you'd ever expect to find at such low prices.

Remember-HERE YOU CAN SEE WHAT YOU BUY. All the "gomble" is token out of your purchoses.

Bring us your questions obout plonting, pruning, sproying, etc. Let us help you plon your londscoping, select your orchord, or suggest suitable trees or plants for any purpose. Our service is efficient, complete-ond free!

# Hamilton's TREES

# For Ornamental Growth — For Shade

A choice selection of varieties which have proven hardy and desirable in this climate. We can supply other varieties and sizes, if desired. Special prices on larger quantities. All trees are shipped by express collect.

ASH, Green. Rapid growing, longlived tree that thrives everywhere. 6 to 8 ft., ea., \$1.00; 2 for \$1.75.

BIRCH, Cut-Leaf Weeping. Graceful tree with glistening white bark. 5 to 6 ft., ea., \$2.25; 2 for \$3.95. 6 to 8 ft., ea., \$2.90; 2 for \$5.35.

CATALPA Bungei. Umbrella Tree for accent in lawn planting. 2-yr., 5 ft., ea., \$1.50; 2 for \$2.65.



Flawering Crab

CRAB, Jap. Red. (Hapa). Beautiful single red flowers on a shapely tree. 3 to 4 ft., ea., 55c; 2 for 95c.

CRAB, Double Pink (Bechtel's). A mass of double pink flowers. 2 to 3 ft., ea., 69c; 2 for \$1.25.

ELM, American. Permanent shade. 6 to 8 ft., ea., 55c; 2 for 95c. 8 to 10 ft., ea., 75c; 2 for \$1.25.

ELM, Chinese. A selected strain of this very popular, fast grower. 5 to 6 ft., ea., 39c; 2 for 69c. 6 to 8 ft., ea., 75c; 2 for \$1.29. 8 to 10 ft., ea., 95c; 2 for \$1.65.

MAPLE, Cut-Leaved. Graceful, arching branches with cut leaves. 6 to 8 ft., ea., \$1.29; 2 for \$2.35.

MAPLE, Silver. The fastest growing Maple. Excellent large shade tree. 6 to 8 ft., ea., 69c; 2 for \$1.25. 8 to 10 ft., ea., \$1.25; 2 for \$2.35.

MULBERRY, Teas' Weeping. A distinctive low-headed, weeping tree. 2 yr., 5 ft., ea., \$2.65; 2 for \$5.00.

POPLAR, Bolleana. Tall, pyramidal, with silvery grey bark and leaves. 5 to 6 ft., ea., 75c; 2 for \$1.35. 6 to 8 ft., ea., \$1.15; 2 for \$2.00. 8 to 10 ft., ea., \$1.35; 2 for \$2.50.

POPLAR, Lambardy. Old favorite columnar type for accent, screens, etc. 5 to 6 ft., ea., 29c; 4 for 95c. 6 to 8 ft., ea., 39c; 4 for \$1.25. 8 to 10 ft., ea., 49c; 4 for \$1.65.

REDBUD. Low headed; rosy red flowers before the leaves. 2 to 3 ft., ea., 45c; 2 for 75c.

RUSSIAN OLIVE. Low, rough growing; silvery grey foliage. 3 to 4 ft., each, 29c; 2 for 45c.

SYCAMORE, American. Tall, shapeattractive near-white 6 to 8 ft., ea., 75c; 2 for \$1.35.

WILLOW, Weeping. Fastest growing weeping tree. Golden yellow bark. 5 to 6 ft., ea., 59c; 2 for \$1.00. 8 to 10 ft., ea., \$1.15; 2 for \$1.95.

Ornamental, useful and hardy varieties. Plant them for lovely bloom, for quick screen or shade, to dress up chimneys and unsightly brick or stone walls, or for ground cover on banks. We offer the best variety for each purpose.

#### CLINGING VINES

BOSTON IVY. Clings tighter than any other vine. Each, 30c; 4 for \$1.10.

ENGLEMANN IVY. Grows faster than Boston but does not cling as tightly. Each, 20c; 4 for 70c.

FOR ARBOR, TRELLIS OR FENCE BITTERSWEET. Big crops of red berries for winter bouquets. Each, 30c; 4 for \$1.10.

CLEMATIS Jackmani. Large, rich purple flowers all summer. Each, 60c; 4 for \$2.00.



Silver Lace Vine

CLEMATIS Paniculata (Sweet Autumn). Fast grower. Countless fragrant, small white flowers in fall. Each, 25c; 4 for 85c.

HONEYSUCKLE, Galdflame. New. Produces scarlet trumpet flowers all summer. Blu 59c; 4 for \$2.00. Blue foliage. Each,

HONEYSUCKLE, Scarlet Trumpet. Old favorite oriental red trumpets. Each, 30c; 4 for \$1.10.

SILVER LACE. Fastest growing hardy vine. Sprays of creamy white flowers until frost. Each, 35c; 4 for \$1.25.

WISTERIA, Purpie. Long panicles of lovely purple bloom. Each, 30c; 4 for \$1.10.



Clematis Jackmani

GROUND COVER HONEYSUCKLE, Hall's Japan. Fast grower. Yellow and white bloom. Best for steep banks, erosion control, etc. Each, 20c; 4 for 70c.



# **HEDGES**

Hardy varieties for formal and informal hedges. All can be kept pruned as low as 2 feet or allowed to grow their natural height. See "Tree Seedlings" for taller growing varieties, suitable for high hedges, or screens, windscreens, windbreaks, etc. Tell us your needs and we will

Japanese barberry	recommen	id the	Degi A	arrety.	
			Prices		
Variety	Size	10	25	50	
BARBERRY, Japanese	12 to 18 in.	\$0.60	\$1.25	\$2.25	
	18 to 24 in.	.69	1.45	2.65	
BARBERRY, Red	12 to 18 in.	1.25	2.65	4.35	
BUCKTHORN	12 to 18 in.	.35	.75	1.25	
PRIVET, Amur River. Hardy	12 to 18 in.	.60	1.25	2.25	
	18 to 24 in.	.69	1.50	2.75	
SPIREA V. H. (Bridal Wreath).	12 to 18 in.	.60	1.25	2.25	
	18 to 24 in.	.85	1.65	3.15	

# SEEDLING TREES

Northern nursery grown, extra well rooted, seedling trees for windbreaks, shelterbelts, erosion control, etc. Prices, not prepaid.

We will be glad to help you select the variety best suited for

		Prices	
	10	25	100
12 to 18 in.	\$0.20	\$0.35	\$1.10
18 to 24 in.	.30	.50	1.60
18 to 24 in.	.35	.60	1.75
12 to 18 in.	.20	.35	1.10
18 to 24 in.	.30	.55	1.50
2 to 3 ft.	.40	.75	2.50
3 to 4 ft.	.75	1.35	4.75
12 to 18 in.	.25	.40	1.15
18 to 24 in.	.30	.55	1.75
12 to 18 in.	.40	.75	2.15
	18 to 24 in. 12 to 18 in. 18 to 24 in. 2 to 3 ft. 3 to 4 ft. 12 to 18 in.	12 to 18 in. \$0.20 18 to 24 in. 30 18 to 24 in. 35 12 to 18 in. 20 18 to 24 in. 30 2 to 3 ft. 40 3 to 4 ft. 75 12 to 18 in. 25 18 to 24 in. 30	10 25 12 to 18 in. \$0.20 \$0.35 18 to 24 in. 35 .60 12 to 18 in. 20 .35 18 to 24 in. 30 .55 2 to 3 ft. 40 .75 3 to 4 ft. 75 1.35 12 to 18 in25 .40 18 to 24 in. 30 .55

# Hamilton's Roses Finest, healthiest

stock at amazingly low prices . see them!

# Each 35c 3 for 95c 10 for \$3.00

All our Roses are twa-year, field-grown. Big, husky, well rooted bushes that bloomed in the nursery last fall, and with reasonable care, will bloom well until frost this year. We have carefully selected only thase varieties which will thrive in your garden, and produce beautiful bloams of "hathause" quality.

Quality cansidered, all these Roses are exceedingly law priced. Futher-more, they are backed by aur complete service of selection, planting advice, growing helps and other year-round "goad neighbor" services.

# HYBRID TEA ROSES (HT) and HYBRID PERPETUALS (HP)

Hybrid Tea Rases praduce lovely blooms just like you buy fram your florist. They are called "Everblooming" and bloom intermittently fram early summer until frast.

Hybrid Perpetual varieties produce extra large, fragrant blooms, in great prafusian, in early summer. Mare hardy than Hybrid Tea Rose varieties.

# RED

American Beauty. H.P. Crimsan shaded soft carmine; double.

**Catalania**. H.T. Extra double, glowing arange-scarlet. Sweetly fragrant.

E. G. Hill. H.T. Massive blooms of maroon, velvety on inside.

Etaile de Hallande. H.T. Bright red, with fine fragrance.

General Jacqueminat. H.P. Rich crimsan-scarlet; fragrant.

Gruss an Teplitz. H.T. Blackish maraon, in clusters.

Margaret McGredy. H.T. Distinctive scarlet hue. Prolific and desirable.

McGredy's Scarlet. H.T. Vivid, new deep rose.

Red Radiance. H.T. Bright red form

Southpart. H.T. A new vivid scarlet.

#### PINK

Briarcliff. H.T. Even shade of silvery rose-pink.

Dame Edith Helen. H.T. Glowing pink. Editar McFarland. H.T. Vivid, deep pink. Fragrant. Strong.

Killarney, Pink. H.T. Best sparkling pink. Favarite cut flower.

Miss Rawena Tham, H.T. Rose-pink. Large, fragrant, vigorous.

**Paul Neyran.** H.P. Dwarf bushes with gigantic pink flowers.

Pink Radiance. H.T. Brilliant rose-pink.

# PRES. H. HOOVER

# YELLOW

Golden Dawn. H.T. Lemon-yellow. Very double; fragrant.

Jaanna Hill. H.T. Yellaw center surraunded by buff petals.

Mrs. E. P. Tham. H.T. Large, well shaped blooms of bright canary-yel-

Mrs. P. S. Dupant. H.T. Golden yellaw; reddish gold bud.

Sister Therese. H.T. Fragrant, daffadil-yellaw. Extra fine.

Sauvenir de Claudius Pernet. H.T. Pure sunflower shades.

Sunburst. H.T. Rich yellaw shaded

# MULTI-COLORED

Duquesa de Penaranda. H.T. Gay capper-apricot. Best of this shade.

Edith Nellie Perkins. H.T. Rich orange outside, salmon-pink inside.

Hinrich Gaede. H.T. Striking ariental red shaded golden yellow.

Lady Farteviat. H.T. Deep apricat taned ald gald. Gald Medal winner.

President Herbert Haaver, H.T. Orange and red shades. (See illustra-

Sunkist. H.T. A delightful new orange-capper sport of Joanna Hill.

**Talisman.** H.T. Yellaw stained with capper-red and orange-rose.

# WHITE

Frau Karl Druschki. H.P. Large, snawy white. Very hardy.

Mme. Jules Bauche. H.T. Best snowwhite, fragrant, everblooming Rase.

# Rugosa Shrub Roses

The hardiest, most vigaraus af all Roses. The bushes grow 3 to 5 feet high and while the blooms are not as pretty as the H.T. or H.P. Roses, they are very dependable in this

Amelia Gravereaux. A strong bush cavered with dauble, fragrant, red blooms.

**Austrian Capper.** Laveliest of all single red Rases. Under side is glistening golden yellow.

Belle Paitevine. Masses of double pink Rases, in clusters, all summer. F. J. Graatendarst. Bright red, in large clusters. Everblaoming.

Graatendarst Pink. Large clusters of bright pink flawers. Everblooming. Hansa. Double, reddish violet; large

Harrisan's Yellaw. Old-fashioned shrub Rase. Fragrant, dauble, yellow.

**Huganis.** Hardy Chinese Shrub Rase. Masses af clear yellow flowers.

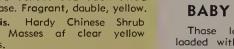
## Climbing Rose COLLECTION

Crimson Rambler

Yellaw Rambler Paul's Scarlet

18b

All 3 for only 85c



# BABY RAMBLERS

lavely law bushes, laaded with color, blaom all summer until frast.

Crimson Baby. Light crimson, dense clusters.

**Ellen Paulsen.** Bright pink. Double. Fragrant.

Glaria Mundi. Brilliant arangescarlet in large clusters. Dauble.

Sparkler. Vivid red. Free blaom-



**Edith Nellie Perkins** 



Southpart

Mrs. P. S. Dupant



Etaile de Hallande



Miss Rawena Thom



Sunkist



Hinrich Gaede



Editor McFarland

Special THESE 8 SELECT VARIETIES AS ILLUSTRATED. One each of the 8 choice Roses illustrated above — big,

healthy, 2-yr., field-grawn bushes—a wide range of contrasting and harmonizing tanes. In this special callection we affer all 8 bushes for anly

#### **CLIMBERS**

Climbing American Beauty. Bright purplish crimson.

Crimson Rambler. Dazzling scarlet-red.

Gardenia (Yellaw Rambler). Creamy flowers, yellow center.

Mme. Gregaire Staechelin. Vigaraus bush, covered with large, dauble, vivid pink blaom.

Paul's Scarlet. Intense scarlet

flowers. Best, hardy red.

# Hamilton's Flowering SHRUBS Larger shrubs at lower

prices! Heavy-branched, well-rooted Northern grown stock that will thrive beautifully in this climate.

# 16 CHOICEST Old Favorites

29c 4 for \$1 10 for \$2.25

BARBERRY, Japanese. Medium. Vigorous, thorny shrub with red berries and reddish foliage in fall. 18- to 24-inch size.

BUTTERFLY BUSH, Ile de France. Medium. New. Perennial shrub covered with rich reddish purple flowers, in spikes, in late summer. 2yeor, No. 1 size.

**CARAGANA** (Siberian Pea Tree). Toll. Upright grower with rich dark green foliage. Yellow flowers. Very hardy. Size, 2 to 3 feet.



Forsythia

DOGWOOD, Red. Tall. Spreoding shrub with ottroctive foliage and bright red bork. 2- to 3-foot size. DOGWOOD, Yellow. Tall. Like Red Dogwood except with golden yellow bark. 18- to 24-inch size. FORSYTHIA (Golden Bell). Toll.

FORSYTHIA (Golden Bell), Toll. Upright shrub covered with rich yellow flowers in early spring. 2- to 3-foot size.

GOLDEN ELDER. Tall. Fast growing

**GOLDEN ELDER.** Tall, Fast growing shrub with bright yellow foliage for controst. Usually sells at higher price. 18- to 24-inch size.

HONEYSUCKLE, Red. Tall. Best, rapid growing, hardy shrub for foundation or screen planting. Rose-red flowers; red berries. 2-to 3-foot size.

JAPANESE QUINCE. Medium. Large, oriental red flowers in early spring. Rich, dark green folioge. 2- to 3-foot size.

LILAC, Old-Fashioned. Tall. Americo's most beautiful hardy shrub. Masses of fragrant lilac-purple bloom. 2- to 3-foot size.



White Snowberry

MOCK ORANGE (Syringa). Tall. Countless, fragrant, white flowers in spring. Vigorous, hardy. Desirable. 2- to 3-foot size.

MOCK ORANGE, Lemoine. Medium. One of best lower growing shrubs for foundation or border planting. Masses of frogrant white flowers. 24- to 30-inch size.

**RUSSIAN OLIVE.** Tall. Silver-grey folioge. Excellent for moss plantings, screens, taller hedges, or for specimen planting. 2- to 3-ft. size.

**SNOWBERRY.** Medium. Thrives under odverse conditions, in sun or shode. Very useful. Two varieties: Red or white berries. 18- to 24-inch size.

**TAMARIX.** Tall. Graceful, lacy, silver-blue foliage. Fine pink flowers. 2- to 3-foot size.

**WEIGELA, Pink.** Medium. Very ornamentol, upright shrub with lovely pink flowers. 2- to 3 foot size.

# "The All-Star Eleven"

39c each - 3 for \$1.10 (Not prepaid)

American Cranberry

ALMOND, Pink or White. Medium. Countless, very double blooms like dainty roses, in spring. 2- to 3-foot size.

BARBERRY, Red. Low. Shapely shrub with vivid red foliage when planted in full sun. 18- to 24-inch

**COTONEASTER.** Tall, Fovored for its dark green folioge and upright habit. Extro hardy. 2- to 3-ft, size.

**HIGH BUSH CRANBERRY.** Tall. Its bright red berries attroct the birds ond dress up this desirable shrub in fall. 2- to 3 foot size.

HYDRANGEA, A.G. Medium. America's favorite shrub for planting in shade. Large, white blooms in summer. Called "Hills of Snow." 2- to 3-foot size.

**HYDRANGEA**, **Pee Gee.** Toll. Another favorite. Produces many large, conical shaped pink and white blooms in late summer. 2- to 3-ft. size.

LILAC, Persian Purple. Tall. Starts blooming younger and blooms more profusely than common Lilac. Attractive folioge. Reddish purple bloom. 2- to 3-foot size.

MOCK ORANGE, Double (Virginalis). Medium. Lovely, double white, fragront flowers in spring and summer. New and extra good. 18- to 24 in. size.

**SNOWBALL.** Tall. An old-fashioned hardy shrub that is still one of America's best sellers. Covered with white snowball flowers in late spring. 18- to 24-inch size.

VIBURNUM, Lantana. Tall. Best Viburnum for our climate. Upright habit. Excellent foliage. Red berries in foll. 18- to 24-inch size.



Flowering Almond

WEIGELA, Eva Rathke. Medium. Brilliant crimson flowers in eorly summer, in great profusion. Very desiroble. 18- to 24-inch size.

# New and Patented Shrubs (Not prepaid)

BARBERRY, Mentorensis. (Patent No. 99.) New, upright, thorny variety, dark green foliage. 15- to 18-in. size. Each, 59c; 2 for \$1.00. BARBERRY, Truehedge. (Patent

BARBERRY, Truehedge. (Patent No. 110.) New. A norrow, upright column of glossy green foliage. 15to 18-in. size. Each, 35c; 2 for 95c.

**BEAUTY BUSH.** Medium. A mass of dointy pink flowers in May. 18-to 24-in.size. Each, 50c; 3 for \$1.35.

**BUDDLEIA, Fortune.** (Patent No. 206.) Medium. Mony spikes of colorful lilac with orange eye all summer and fall. **Each, 75c; 3 for** 



French Lilac

HONEYSUCKLE, Korolkowi. Tall. Brood, bluish green leaves and white flowers. The best. 2 to 3 ft. Each, 75c; 3 for \$2.10.

FRENCH LILACS. Hybrids. Tall. Far superior to common Lilacs. Bloom young, do not sucker from the roots and are more lovely. 18-to 24-inch size.

Belle de Nancy. Double rose, white

Charles Joly. Double, purplish red. Congo. Single, deep wine-red. Mme. Lemoine. Double, snow-white.

Pres. Grevy. Double, light blue.
Ludwig Spaeth. Single. Deep purple.
Each, 59c; 2 for \$1.00.

PLUM, Flowering. Loods of double, pink, roselike flowers. More beoutiful than Flowering Cherries. Absolutely hardy. 2- to 3-foot size. Each, 59c; 2 for \$1.00.

SPIREA AMERICA'S FAVORITE SHRUBS

Your choice of 5 varieties, all heavy, well branched, well rooted:

Each, 4 for 75c 10 for \$1.59.

(Not Prepaid)



Anthony Waterer. (Illustrated at left.) Low. Best dwarf for foundation or border. Covered with red blooms almost all summer. 18- to 24-inch size.

**Billiardi.** Medium. Lovely spikes of bright pink bloom in summer. 2- to 3-foot size.

Bridal Wreath (Spirea V. H.). Toll. America's Sweetheart. A groceful shrub covered with dainty white flowers in late spring. Big 3- to 4-foot size.

**Froebeli.** Medium. Extro strong, vigorous and hardy. Rose-red bloom in greot profusion. Distinctive foliage. 18- to 24-inch size.

**Thunbergi.** Medium. Favored for its unusual feothery, apple-green folioge. 18- to 24-inch size.



Spirea Billiardi

Special

10 big 18 to 24 inch 2-Year Spirea Van Houttei

# Hardy, Northern-Grown APPLES



# Prices are Low

3-year, heavy Apple trees, size 5 to 6 ft., grade 11/16 to 1 inch, cach, 49c; 10 for \$3.75.

**Anoko.** Often bears the next year after planting. Red; like Duchess in flavor and looks.

**Duchess.** For summer cooking. Hardy everywhere. Large, streaked with red.

**Red June.** Ripens first; sweet and juicy.

Yellow Tronsparent. Golden summer Apple. Abundant, juicy, tender. Wealthy. Large; flesh fine, juicy. Does well everywhere.

**Delicious.** (Red, also Yellow.) The Perfect Apple. Fruit large, elongated; five small knobs on blossom end. Good shipper, good keeper.

keeper.

Grimes Golden. Rich, spicy flavor.
Golden yellow. Popular on the mar-

**Jonothan.** One of the best sellers. Bright red, young bearer. Good for winter storage.

winter storage.

Red Cortland. Comes into bearing very early. Similar to McIntosh, but we believe of better quality.

A beautiful dark red.

Stayman's Winesap. Very large, red. Stores unusually well. Both eating and cooking.

Joan. Hardy anywhere in this territory. Orchardists approve it.

**Secor.** Cherry-red. Larger than Jonathan and more quality. Bears young.

# CRAB APPLES

Crob Apple trees, 4 ta 5 ft., grade 11/16 in., each, 49c; 10 for \$3.75.

Dalgo. The Crab Apple sensation. Extremely hardy. Most delicious for eating or jell. As an ornamental tree it is especially beautiful. Hyslap. Large, deep crimson with blue bloom. Popular on the market. Astringent. Abundant bearer. Flarence Crab. Very hardy. Medium to large, very juicy, acid or tart flavor. Fine for jelly.

Whitney. Largest of all Crabs. Excellent for jellies, pickles and preserves.

# Special FAMILY FRUIT ORCHARD Collection No. 1

One each of Hanska Plum, Red Wing Plum, Eorly Richmond Cherry, Weolthy Apple, Jonathan Apple—all far . . \$1.95

# Collection No. 2

Home Garden Smoll Fruit Collection—9 Concard Grapes, 3 Caca Red Grapes, 2 Cherry Currants, 1 Downing Gaoseberry, 6 Red Rospberry plants, 5 Blackberry plants—all for \$1.95

# This Spring Plant Aruit Trees from Hamilton's

It costs so little—and it's such a joy—to have plenty of good fresh fruit from your own trees—for your table—for canning. Our trees are all strong, vigorous-rooted stock, ready to give you abundant yields.



# **CHERRIES**

One of the most delightful of all trees—not only fruitful but also beautiful and excellent for shade. Every back yard needs a few.

2-year, heavy Cherry trees, size 5 to 6 ft., grade 11/16 to 1 in., each, 59c; 10 far \$4.95.

**Montmorency.** The big, red Cherry. The best bearer of all the sours. Ripens ten days after Early Richmond.

**Eorly Richmond.** Bright red, rich, acid flavor. Unsurpassed for cooking. Extremely hardy.

**English Morello.** Hardy in cold climates. Bears late. Easily grown, quality good, acid flavor.

HANSEN'S BUSH CHERRY. The new sensotion. Usually bears the first yeor. The plonts ore bushy and rarely get aver five feet tall. It is the most outstanding new fruit introduced in recent years. Each, 29c; 3 for 75c.

# **CURRANTS**

Cherry. Large, red. Berries sometimes more than one-half inch in diameter. Grow in good soil.

**Perfection.** The largest and finest of all Red Currants. Rich, mild, plenty of pulp with few seeds.

Eoch, 20c; 3 for 50c; 6 for 90c.

# **PLUMS**

These recommended varieties are carefully selected for the best all-around results. Each one is a Hardy Hybrid of superior flavor. (Plant two or three varieties together for pollination purposes.)

2-yeor, extro heovy Plum Trees, size 5 to 6 ft., grode 11/16 to 1 in., each, 55c; 10 for \$4.60.

**Honsko.** Hardy everywhere. Bright red, apricot flavor. Fine for cooking or eating fresh.

**Omoho.** The great Nebraska Plum. Ripens middle of August. Large, dark red, juicy and sweet.

**Redwing.** The hardy hybrid Plum, produced by the University of Minnesota Fruit Breeding Farm. A large, solid red.

**Underwood.** The best early Plum. Most popular of the Minnesota hybrids. Very large, red, juicy, sweet. Small pit, semi-cling.



Waneto. Very large. Deep red, yellow flesh.

**Opata.** Middle of July. Purplish red, green flesh, thin skin and small pit. Sweetly acid. Earliest of all.

**Sopa.** One of Hansen's most wonderful Plums. Fruit in clusters like grapes — medium to large size. Splendid for canning.

**Compass Cherry Plum.** Neither a cherry or a plum, but it combines all the good qualities of both.

# PEARS are profitable

These three selected varieties all ripen in August and September, and deliver bountiful yields of highest grade.

2-yeor heavy Pear trees, size 5 to 6 ft., grode 11/16 to 1 in., each, 54c; 10 for \$4.50.

Mendel. New super-hardy. Requires no winter protection. A trifle longer and larger than Bartlett, Very sweet and juicy. Beautiful golden yellow. Blight resistant.

**Kieffer.** Golden yellow, large, juicy and melting.

**Lincoln**. Larger and better than Bartlett, the best all-purpose Pear for the Middle West.



# **GRAPES**

Beto. Medium size, black, quite acid, very early. 3 for 39c; 6 for 59c; 12 for 98c.

Caco. Rich wine-red. Makes wonderful juices and wine. 3 for 49c; 6 for 90c.

Concord. (Black.) Huge bunches of deep purple Grapes. The standard commercial Grape. 3 for 29c; 12 for 79c; 25 for \$1.35; 100 for \$4.75.

Moore's Early. (Black.) Ripens two weeks earlier than Concord. A great commercial Grape. 3 far 35c; 12 for 98c; 25 for \$1.95; 100 for \$6.75.

Niagora. (White.) Hardiest and best white Grape. Large, sweet. Quality equal to Concord. 3 far 35c; 12 for 98c; 25 for \$1.95; 100 for \$6.75.

# **APRICOTS**

2-year heavy Apricot trees, size 4 to 5 ft., grade 11/16 in., eoch, 59c; 10 for \$4.95. Chinese Golden. Vigorous growing

Chinese Golden. Vigorous growing habits. Early bearing qualities.

# SELECTED BERRIES for the HOME GARDEN

## BLACKBERRIES

Eldarada. One of the finest. Hardy, sweet, few seeds. Ideal for home or market. 3 far 19c; 6 for 29c; 12 for 49c. Baysenberry. The new wonder berry. Has all the flavor and good points of Loganberries, Blackberries and Raspberries. Averages 1 inch in width up to more than 1½ inches in length. 1-year plants. 3 for 29c; 6 for 55c; 12 far 98c.

#### RASPBERRIES

Cumberland. Largest and finest black Raspberry. Our improved strain has withstood 25 degrees below zero. Transplants. 6 for 39c; 12 for 60c.

St. Regis Everbearing. (Red.) Yield all summer and autumn. Large size.

**Lathom.** Greatest Red Raspberry. Sensation in yield and profit. Hardy in far north. A great commercial and home berry.

**Flaming Giant.** Sensational red. Fine size, flavor and color. Unsurpassed.

These three popular varieties: 6 for 29c; 12 for 49c; 25 for 78c.

# **GOOSEBERRIES**

**Downing.** Very large, light green, juicy and fine flavored.

Red Jocket (Jasselyn). Large, pale red fruit of first class flavor. A wonderful cropper. By test it is freest of all from mildew.

Eoch, 20c; 3 for 55c; 6 for \$1.00.





#### **ASPARAGUS**

MARTHA WASHINGTON — Larger than original Washington. New, and rust resistant. Abundant producer with long, thick stalks and fine quality tight packed tips.

#### **BEANS**

#### Green Podded, Dwarf, or Bush

BOUNTIFUL—An early, heavyyielding variety. Flat, lightgreen, stringless, but slightly fibrous pods. Yellow seeds. 49 days. Lorge packet, 10c.

BURPEE'S STRINGLESS GREEN POD—Early, sturdy. Very meaty, round, medium green pods, fully stringless and fibreless. 50 days. Large packet, 10c.

GIANT STRINGLESS GREEN POD — Large, sturdy plants. Meaty, round pods, brittle and strictly stringless. Medium green pods, oval, yellowish-brown seed. 54 days. Large packet, 10c.

TENDERGREEN — Large, erect plants. Abundant, round, darkgreen pods, strictly stringless and fleshy. Brown seeds blotched with light fawn, 54 days. Large packet, 10c.

**FULL MEASURE**—Round, fleshy, brittle pods 6 to  $6\frac{1}{2}$  in. long. Popular on account of its high yields and long picking season. Large packet, 10c.

# Beans, Dry Shelled Varieties

WHITE PEA or WHITE NAVY— The widely used commercial variety. The flat pods are tough and stringy. Seeds are small, round-oval and white. 90 days. Large packet, 10c.

# Beans, Wax Podded, Dwarf or Bush Varieties

IMPROVED GOLDEN WAX—A home garden favorite. Small, erect plants, moderately productive. The straight, thick, flat pods are creamy yellow and stringless, 51 days. Large packet, 10c.

PENCIL POD BLACK WAX— Probably the best of all the dwarf black-seeded Wax Beans. Early and productive, bearing beautiful, rich yellow, deep curved

round pods,  $5\frac{1}{2}$  to 6 in. long. Always stringless, tender, brittle and fleshy. Desirable for home garden and market. Large packet, 10c.

ROUND POD KIDNEY WAX or BRITTLE WAX — Large, erect, vigorous plants. Medium yellow curved pods, crease-backed, entirely stringless, very brittle, fleshy and succulent. White, kidney-shaped seed with black eye. 58 days. Lorge packet, 10c.

SURE CROP WAX—Big, sturdy, productive plants, popular with home gardeners. Thick, flat, golden-yellow stringless pods, brittle and fine quality. 53 days. Large packet, 10c.

# Beans, Green Podded, Pole

KENTUCKY WONDER or OLD HOMESTEAD — Strong climber, hardy, long-bearing. Curved, almost round pods. Slightly stringy, but brittle and fibreless. Meaty. 65 doys. Large packet, 10c.

# Beans, Wax Podded, Pole

KENTUCKY WONDER WAX — Very popular. Vigorous, good climbing plants, with waxy-yellow pods, flat and nearly stringless. Somewhat fibrous but meaty. Light chocolate brown seed. 68 doys. Lorge packet, 10c.

#### Beans, Lima Dwarf or Bush

BABY POTATO — Smoll, thickseeded butter been with real flavor, early maturity and prolific growth. 12 to 16 in. tall. Large packet, 15c.

BURPEE'S BUSH—Medium large plant. Pods contain three to four large seeds of excellent quality. 77 days. Large packet, 10c.

FORDHOOK BUSH — Straight pods with very plump, large beans of excellent quality. 75 days. Lorge pocket, 10c.

HENDERSON'S BUSH — Known as Baby Lima, or Butter Bean. Plants smoll, early and bushy. 65 days. Good for home gardener; very productive. Lorge packet, 10c.



King of the Garden

#### Beans, Lima Pole

KING OF THE GARDEN—The pods are flat and smooth with four or five beans. The beans are white, large and flat. 88 days. Large packet, 10c.

#### **BEETS**

CROSBY'S EGYPTIAN — Extro early. Flattened globe shaped roots with small dark red tap root. Excellent quality, tender and sweet. 60 days.

DETROIT DARK RED PERFECTED

The standard of excellence in table beets. Smooth, globular roots of deep ox-blood red—sweet and tender. 68 doys.

EARLY WONDER—Early variety that can also be used for fall planting. Semi-globular roots, with small tap root. Tender, blood-red flesh. 58 days.

# SWISS CHARD

LUCULLUS — Most popular Chard. Upright in growth, with yellowish-green curled, crumpled leaves. Thick, broad and light green stems. 50 to 60 days.

# MANGEL WURZEL

GIANT HALF SUGAR, ROSE— Heavy yielding, fine for feeding. Long oval roots, white skin with rose colored shoulder, white flesh. Good sugar content. 90 days.

MAMMOTH LONG RED—Very populor. 30 to 50 tons per acre. Roots grow half above the ground. Light red, flesh white with rose tinge. 110 days.

GOLDEN TANKARD — Ovalshaped, broad shoulder. Flesh is orange-yellow. Heovy cropper. A favorite. 100 days.

#### **BROCCOLI**

ITALIAN GREEN SPROUTING—Plant bears a succession of sprouting heads about 5 inches long, which, if kept cut, will be replaced by others for 8 to 10 weeks. Each sprout ends in an edible head of green buds. 55 to 65 days. Lorge pocket, 10c.

# PRICES of Vegetable Seeds listed on this page (LARGE PACKETS 5c UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED)

Market Gardeners Ask For Quantity Prices

HAMILTON SEED & COAL COMPANY



# Growing Dala

BUSH BEANS—Plant only in warm, well-prepared soil, about 4" apart, 1½" to 2" deep. Under hand cultivation and in poor soil, rows may be 18" to 24" apart; in rich fields under horse or tractor cultivation, 30" to 36". Cultivate only before blaoming and never when wet. Pick frequently as pods approach maturity, to get full yield. Plant a successian every two weeks to ensure supplies throughout the season. Allow 1 lb. far every 100 ft. of raw; 1 to 1½ bushels per acre.

**POLE BEANS**—Plant a little later than dwarf beans, when the ground is warmer. Poles 7 to 8 ft. above graund should be about 4 ft. apart. Three or four

pales may be pulled together at the tap and tied, for rigidity. Raund each pole set 6 beans 11/2" deep, thinning to 4 per pole later. Pole beans repay this work by heavier yields and langer picking seasons than bush beans. Allow about 1 lb. per 100 pales; 30 to 35 lbs. per acre, depending on the size of the seed.

Exercise the greatest caution about cultivating or picking beans when the plants are wet with dew ar rain. It is extremely passible to spread disease from plant to plant (if they are wet) with implements, or even clothing brushing past.

LIMA BEANS—The culture of Lima beans is in general the same as that of green and wax podded beans, but they require a rich soil and must not be planted until sail is thoroughly warmed.

BEETS—While beets will flourish in any reasanably goad soil that is not acid, provided it is praperly fertilized and cultivated, they da best in deep, sandy loam. The soil should be well warked first and if smooth raots are wanted, fresh manure must not be used. Sow about 12 seeds per foot 1/2" deep in drills 18" apart, rolling the earth after planting. Plants should be thinned out to 3" or 4" apart; this may be dane when they are 2" high or they may be left until they reach 6" when those lifted can be used for greens. To have supplies through the seasan, plant in succession every 10 days or so. Beets are at their best when about 2" in diameter and may be preserved for winter use by storing in cellars or pits, covering them with dry earth or sand, topped with straw.

# PRICES of Vegetable Seeds listed on this page (LARGE PACKETS 5c UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED)

Prices Subject to Morket Cha	Prices Subject to Morket Changes						
1/4	Oz.	1/2 Oz.	Oz.	1/4 Lb.			
BRUSSELS SPROUTSPkt. \$.05	\$.10	\$ .15	\$ .25	, ,			
CABBAGE - Morion Market, Wisc.							
All Seosons, Wisc. Holland No. 8 Pkt05	.10	.15	.25	\$ .75			
CABBAGE—All other vorieties listed. Pkt05		.10	.20	.60			
CARROTSPkt05		.10	.15	.45			
CAULIFLOWERPkt10	.50	.85	1.50				
CELERIACPkt05	.10	.15	.25	\$ .75			
CELERY—Giont PoscolPkt05	.10	.15	.25				
CELERY—All other vorieties listed Pkt05	.10	.20	.35				
	Pkt.	1/2 Lb.	Lb.	3 Lb.			
SWEET CORN—Hybrids—Blends	\$.10	\$ .18	\$ .30	\$ .75			
SWEET CORN—Hybrids—Stowells	.10	.25	.45	1.20			
SWEET CORN-loono	.10	.25	.40	1.00			
SWEET CORN—Open-Pollinoted	.05	.15	.25	.60			
	Oz.	4 Oz.	8 Oz.	Lb.			
POP CORN—(3 lbs. for \$.55)Pkt. \$.05			\$ .10	\$ .20			
	\$.10		¥ 1.5	¥			
CRESS	.15						
CUCUMBERS—Stroight 8Pkt05	.20	\$ .50	.90	1.50			
CUCUMBERS—Others listed herePkt05	.15	.40	.70	1.25			

Market Gardeners Ask For Quantity Prices

#### HAMILTON SEED & COAL COMPANY

#### BRUSSELS SPROUTS

HALF DWARF IMPROVED—Firm, thickset balls—1½ inches in diameter. Plants 20 to 24 inches apart. 70 days. Large pkt., 10c.

#### CABBAGE

Yellows Resistant Varieties MARION MARKET—Large, firm, round heads, used for early kraut. A development from Copenhagen Market. 7 inch, 4 pound heads. 75 to 80 days.

WISCONSIN ALL SEASONS—Mid-season all-purpose variety, slightly coarser than standard All Seasons. 10 to 12 inch, 9 to 10 pound heads. 90 to 95 days. WISCONSIN HOLLANDER No. 8—Late, excellent for winter storage and kraut. Similar to Hollander and Danish Ball Head. 7 to 8 inch, 7 to 9 pound heads. 100 to 110 days.

#### Standard Early Varieties

COPENHAGEN MARKET — Excellent, early short season type. Short stems,  $6\frac{1}{2}$  inch,  $3\frac{1}{2}$  to 4 lb. heads. 68 to 70 days.

EARLY JERSEY WAKEFIELD—Pointed heads, small and firm. Earliest pointed variety. Plants compact for small garden planting. 62 days.

GOLDEN ACRE—Extra early Copenhagen type. Dwarf plants, with small round solid, 6 inch, 3 pound heads. 63 to 65 days.

#### Intermediate Varieties

CHARLESTON OR LARGE WAKEFIELD—Heads 8 in. high and 7 in. broad at base; weight about 41/2 lbs. each. Very desirable for home or market. A sure cropper and heavy yielder. 103 days.

MIDSEASON MARKET — Large round head. Splendid variety to follow one of the Earlies.

Late or Winter Varieties

DANISH BALL HEAD or HOLLANDER — A widely used late
type. Deep, round, hard, compact heads, 7 to 8 inches, 6 to
7 pounds. Tender and crisp, fine
for kraut. 100 to 105 days.

PREMIUM LATE FLAT DUTCH
—Extremely large flat heads, 61/2
to 7 inches deep. High quality,
10 to 11 inch, 9 to 11 pound
heads. 95 to 105 days.

IMPROVED AMERICAN SAVOY
—Flattened globe, medium large,
interior leaves crumpled. Very
satisfoctory, 85 days.

#### **Red Varieties**

MAMMOTH RED ROCK—Best of the red cabbages. Hard, round, purplish-red heads. Goad keeper. 6 to 8 inch, 7 to 8 pound heads. 100 days.

#### CHINESE CABBAGE

CHIHILI or IMPROVED PEKIN—Dependable, early heading. Solid, tapered heads, 3 to 4 inches thick, 18 to 20 inches long, 75 days.

# **CARROTS**

CHANTENAY, RED CORED— A thick stump-rooted carrot, slightly tapering. Deep orangered flesh. One of the best for market or canning. 72 days.

**DANVERS HALF LONG**—Sweet, tender roots, 6 ta 7 inches long, tapering to a blunt point. Fine for storing. 75 days.

LONG ORANGE—Heavy cropper. Roots taper to a point. Redorange flesh, core slightly lighter. 88 days.

NANTES IMPROVED CORELESS
—Excellent for forcing. Tops
small, raots bright orange, blunt
ended. Flesh reddish orange, and
practically coreless. 70 days.

OXHEART—Broad, stocky, heartshaped; 4½ to 5 in. long. Goad table carrot when yaung; used for stack feed when mature. Especially adapted to clay soils. 75 days.

## **CAULIFLOWER**

DANISH GIANT or DRY WEATHER — Excellent creamy white heads. Later than Early Snowball, but larger. 6 to 8 inches. 67 days. Large pkt., 10c. SUPER SNOWBALL — Favorite early variety. Pure white compact heads of fine flavor, 6 to 7 inches. Large packet, 10c.

#### CELERIAC

GIANT SMOOTH PRAGUE— (Turnip rooted celery.) Smooth, spherical roots, 2 to 3 inches thick. Fine flavor.

# **CELERY**

GIANT PASCAL — Late variety for winter use. Large plant with dark green leaves. Big salid stalks that blanch to yellow white. 135 days.

GOLDEN SELF BLANCHING, DWARF—Compact plants with yellowish-green foliage. Broad solid stalks with nutty flavor. Blanches readily. 120 days.

WONDERFUL or GOLDEN PLUME—Early, medium plant with compact, full heart. Blanches easily to golden yellow. 112 to 115 days.

# SWEET CORN, HYBRIDS

We offer hybrid sweet corns for the home vegetable garden in individual varieties and also in blends. The blends include a properly balanced mixture of various hybrid strains, selected for their respective maturities. Plant these blends and enjoy ample yields all through the sweet corn season—early and late.

8-row Blend—A mixture of several hybrids well suited to growing conditions in this territory, and delivering early, intermediate and late yields.

12-row Blend—Another excellent mixture, of large eared corn, and suitable ta this vicinity-maturing early, intermediate and late. IOANA HYBRID-12 to 14 row, yellow, somewhat similar to Bantam Evergreen, but more vigorous, resistant to lodging, stands heat and drought. Ears uniform and cylindrical, 8 in. long. Midseasan variety, wilt resistant. (See page 4 for illustration.) Pkt., 15c. STOWELL'S EVERGREEN HY-BRID - A very valuable hybrid with large uniform white ears, 9 to 10 in. long, 16-18 rowed.

# SWEET CORN Open-Pollinated

GOLDEN COLONEL — Golden yellow, shoe-peg shaped kernels arranged irregularly without row formation on ears 7 to 18 in. long. Tender and sweet. Excellent for home garden and market. 90 days. Large packet, 10c.

GOLDEN BANTAM IMPROVED
—One of best garden favorites.
Deliciously sweet when well tended. Large ears. 10 to 14 rows.
80 days. Large packet, 10c.

STOWELL'S EVERGREEN—White. Large ears about 8 in. long; big kernels, very sweet. One of the best late varieties. Large packet, 10c.

BANTAM EVERGREEN — Also known as Golden Evergreen. A cross of Golden Bantam on Stowell's Evergreen. 14 to 18 rows. Deep, rich golden kernels, tender, sweet. Large pkt., 10c.

COUNTRY GENTLEMAN or SHOE PEG—Prolific late variety. Favored by canners. Irregular kernels, very deep, slender and sweet. 93 days. Large pkt., 10c. EARLY EVERGREEN — Earlier than Stowell's Evergreen. Very sweet, tender kernels, free from husky tips. An excellent table corn. 90 doys. Lorge packet, 10c.

# POP CORN

JAPANESE HULLESS HYBRID—A dwarf white sort of very high popping test, huskless and tender.

SOUTH AMERICAN or DYNA-MITE—Large, late yellow variety with golden kernels, creomy white when popped. 12 to 16 rows. Ears 8 inches.

#### COLLARD

SOUTHERN or GEORGIA — An excellent cooked green. Long stemmed plant, with clustered leaves. Withstands heat and bad soil. 24 to 36 days.



# CRESS

CURLED or PEPPER GRASS—Grows very quickly. Use for flavoring salads, for garnishing, or as a green in sandwiches. Has an agreeably pungent taste. Best if used when young. 40 doys.

#### **CUCUMBER**

STRAIGHT EIGHT, w. s. — Unsurpassed as slicing cucumber. All-America Selection.  $2^{1}/_{2}$  pound fruits, rounded at ends, medium green. 68 days.

**EARLY FORTUNE** — Desirable slicing variety extensively grown for shipping. Very dark green. 66 days.

NATIONAL PICKLING
—Straight, symmetrical fruits, 6
in. long. Superb for small pickles,
very uniform. 50 days.



# Growing Data

SWISS CHARD—A beet that is grawn far its leaves and chards, ar stalks, but nat its raats. When the auter leaves are picked the athers cantinue ta graw, assuring a supply af tasteful greens thraughaut the summer and fall. The ribs may be served creamed like asparagus, the leafy part like spinach. Thin ta 10" apart in the raw. Ready far first picking in 50 ta 60 days.

MANGEL (or Stock Beet)—Cheap and nutritiaus winter feed far stack; the dairyman's friend. Plant 6 lbs. per acre in drills 5 or 6 seeds per faat, thinning later

ta 9" apart, ar braadcast 15 ta 20 lbs. per acre. Abaut 110 days ta maturity. Stare in pits.

**BROCCOLI**—A deliciaus table vegetable, increasing greatly in papularity. Cultivate as far cabbage.

CABBAGE—The earliest cabbages are started under glass and transplanted when 4" ta 6" high, into raws 2 to 2½ ft. apart with 18" between plants. Later, larger sarts need a little mare raam. Each aunce of seed should produce about 3,000 plants and an acre of cabbage will cantain 12,000 to 15,000 plants.

Few crops pay back the cost of fertilizing as well os cabbage. Use a

good commercial fertilizer that can be applied before planting—and your crop will richly repay your efforts and expenditure.

CHINESE CABBAGE—Alsa knawn as Celery Cabbage, thaugh it is not a true cabbage and graws mare like a cas lettuce. It matures in 70 to 80 days and planting should be timed to avoid heading during hat weather, in which it balts to seed. Thin to 12" to 16" in rows. The up the auter leaves to blanch.

**CAULIFLOWER**—The cauliflawer is a member of the cabbage family and should be similarly cultivated. To blanch the head, the auter leaves should be laasely gathered round it and tied.



CARROTS—A light deep soil is best, preferable fertilized the previous season, otherwise enriched with old manure; new monure and lock of cultivation lead to split and crooked roots. Sow a successian of plantings in rows 14" or more apart, thinning out later to 2" to 3" between plants. Allow one ounce of seed for 200 ft. of row; 3 lbs. for an acre. Cultivate throughout season to assure straight, smooth roots. For winter storage, sow about mid-June to make full size roots before cold weather.

Far excellence of flavor you want young, tender carrots—and to get them you must have rich soil that will develop the roots fast. Slaw growing, ald carrots are only fit far stock feed.

celery—Celery is usually begun in cold frames, as the seedlings do nat thrive in temperatures below 45°. A well pulverized ond fertilized seed bed is essential, kept maist, but not wet. Sow in rows 4" oport, allowing one level teospoonful of seed to 6 ft. af row ond dust over with finely sifted soil mixed with a little zinc oxide to prevent damping aff. When seedlings are well started thin aut to 3" apart and when 6" high transplont to a rich field, setting in double rows 3 to 3½ ft. opart with 8" between dauble rows and 4" to 5" between plonts. Blonching is then usually done by boords or heavy paper strips ploced on either side of the rows. Where sail is used for blanching, the crop is set in single rows samewhat wider oport.

**SWEET CORN**—Carn should be planted only in worm, well worked sail, either in rows or hills. Rows should be  $2\frac{1}{2}$  to  $3\frac{1}{2}$  ft. oport depending on the size of the voriety, planted 4 or 5 seeds per fact, and thinned out loter to 9" to 12" opart. Hills shauld be about 3 ft. opart, sawn with 5 or 6 seeds, ta be thinned out to 3 ar 4 plants per hill.

Carn is much better far table use if it is gathered while very yaung. With a little practice, the praper stage far harvesting can be determined. This is shartly after the "milk stage," when the silks are dry and black, and the husk leaves have an appearance of maturity. If the ear feels plump and firm when grasped, it is generally ready.

#### Cucumber (Cont'd.)

BOSTON PICKLING — Medium dark green; 6 to 7 in. long; only slightly tapered. 60 days.

EARLY WHITE SPINE—Medium dark green, slightly tapering to blunt ends; 6 in. long,  $2^{1}/_{2}$  in. thick. Very popular for home gardens. 60 days.

IMPROVED LONG GREEN—Standard late variety, 3 to 3½ pound deep green fruits. 12 to 13 inches, 70 days.

GHERKINS—For very small pickles. Distinct from cucumbers. 3 to 4 ounces, pale green, covered with prickly spines. 60 days.

# **EGGPLANT**

BLACK BEAUTY — Large, eggshaped, smooth, very dark purple fruits. Keep well. Plant bears 4 to 5 fruits. Early. 80 days.

IMPROVED LARGE PURPLE— Each plant yields 4 to 6 large oval fruits of dark purple; flesh firm and meaty. Very popular. 80 days.

#### **ENDIVE**

BROAD LEAVED BATAVIAN—A fine winter salad material. Leaves toothed and twisted. Plants 16 inches in diameter. Compact heart, blanches to creamy white. 90 to 95 days.

LARGE GREEN CURLED (Pink Ribbed) — Outer leaves bright green, midribs tinged with rose. Center leaves blanch readily, making attractive salad material. 95 days.

#### **FENNEL**

FLORENCE FENNEL or SWEET ANISE—The plants are 30 to 36 inches tall. Broad overlapping stalks form a bulb-like enlargement at base of stem. Very sweet, and frequently used as celery.

#### KALE

DWARF GREEN CURLED — A hardy sort, large and very attractive bright, deep green. 100 days.

TALL GREEN CURLED SCOTCH
—Hardy, curled, deeply cut
light green leaves. Tender after
frost

# **KOHLRABI**

WHITE VIENNA EARLY—8 to 10 inch leaves on slender stems. Bulbs 2 to 3 inches, globular, light green. Crisp, tender, clear white flesh. 55 to 60 days.

#### LEEK

LARGE AMERICAN FLAG—An early, popular variety, with thick, long white stems. Leaves large and drooping, medium green.

#### LETTUCE Heading or Cabbage

BIG BOSTON w. s.—Popular for cold frame forcing and outside culture. Medium, compact heads with creamy yellow heart. Smooth, glossy leaves, edges wavy, and slightly tinged with reddish brown. 75 days.

CRISP AS ICE—Firm, well-blanched head, delicate buttery flavor even under somewhat adverse weather conditions.

NEW YORK—Large heads, well blanched, sweet and tender. 80 days

#### **Loose Leaved Varieties**

GRAND RAPIDS b. s.— Erect, compact, plants. Light green, broad, heavily fringed leaves. For forcing, or early planting outside. 43 days.

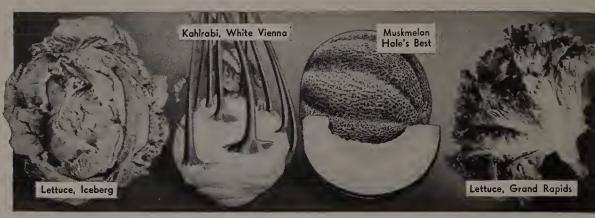
HONEY ROCK or SUGAR ROCK — Round, 4-pound fruit. Grey-green skin, coarse, sparse netting. Orange-salmon, thick flesh, fine flavor. 85 days.

OSAGE — Thick, sweet, salmon flesh of finest quality. Dark green fruits, medium size, nearly round. 92 days.

#### MUSTARD

MUSTARD SPINACH or TENDERGREEN—Wholesome, quickgrowing green, combining mustard and spinach flavors.

SOUTHERN GIANT CURLED LONGSTANDING — Large, frilled and crumpled. Light green leaves.



PRIZE HEAD w. s. — Early non-heading sort. Medium sized plants, crisp and tender. Color light brown on a medium green base. Leaves frilled at edges, and crumpled. 47 days.

SIMPSON'S EARLY CURLED w. s.—Also called Early Curled Silesia. Early, hardy and dependable. Non-heading. Leaves large, frilled, crumpled, and light green that form a compact bunch at center. 45 days.

BLACK SPEEDED SIMPSON — Light green, frilled and crumpled.

CHICKEN — Produces largest amount of leaves of any lettuce. Fast growing. For poultry and rabbit feeding.

#### Cos or Romaine

WHITE PARIS or TRIANON w.s.

—Medium large self-folding, dark
green leaves, forming loaf shaped heads. Greenish-white, well
blanched interior. 66 days.

#### **MELONS**

# Muskmelon and Cantaloupe

ROCKY FORD — Fruits small, rather large seed cavity. Nearly round, weigh  $2\frac{1}{2}$  pounds. No ribs, heavily covered with hard grey netting. Flesh thick, green, with gold tinge at center. Juicy, spicy, good quolity. 92 doys.

BENDER'S SURPRISE—Improved Surprise, similar to Tip Top. Coarse netted, 7 pound, oblong fruit, distinctly ribbed, hard greenish-yellow skin. Flesh bright salmon. 95 days.

HALE'S BEST No. 36—Outstanding early oval fruit, light ribbed, heavily netted. Thick, salmonorange flesh. Sweet. 80 days.

HEARTS OF GOLD or HOODOO — Nearly round 2 pound fruit, distinctly ribbed, deep green with fine grey netting. Thick, deep salmon flesh, tender, sweet. 94 days.

#### Watermelon

HARRIS' or COLE'S EARLY— Very productive. Medium size, short and oval. Alternate dark and light green stripes. Tender rind, black seed, pink-red flesh. 20 pound. 75 days.

KLECKLEY'S SWEET—Large, cylindrical, dark bluish-green, with thin, tender rind. Bright red, juicy, sweet flesh, creamy white seeds with traces of brown. 85 days.

stone Mountain—Also called Dixie Belle. High quality shipping variety. Fruits very large, oval-round, blunt ends. Dark green, tough rind. Flesh rich scarlet, fine grained, sweet. Seed white with black tips.

TOM WATSON — Outstanding red heart strain. Large fruit, uniform, cylindrical, with tough, elastic rind, faintly veined.

DIXIE QUEEN — Very prolific. Bright red, crisp, splendid quality fibreless flesh. Very few small, white seeds. 85 days.

# OKRA OR GUMBO

DWARF GREEN—Early, prolific dwarf growing sort. Dark green, fluted, 5 to 7 inch pointed pods. 50 days.

PERKINS MAMMOTH—Medium early, productive. Meaty, slender, tapered 7 to 8 inch ribbed pods. 56 days.

WHITE VELVET—Early and prolific. Pods pale greenish-white, 6 to 7 inches long. Meaty, tender. 6 doys.

# ONIONS Yellow Varieties

PRIZETAKER — Large, globe shaped bulbs, with glossy, thin straw-colored skin. Coarse, mild flesh. 102 to 104 days.

SOUTHPORT YELLOW GLOBE—Globe shaped, medium to large bulbs. Solid, rich yellow, tough clinging skins. Creamy white flesh. 114 days.

YELLOW GLOBE DANVERS — Medium late, hardy. Good cropper, fine for storage. Medium large, firm, solid, round bulbs. White, slightly yellow toned flesh. 112 to 114 days.

# PRICES of Vegetable Seeds listed on this page (LARGE PACKETS 5c UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED)

Prices Subject to Market Changes

	Oz.	4 Oz.	8 Oz.	Lb.
CUCUMBERS (Cant'd) — Improved Lang Green	\$.20	\$ .50	\$ .90	\$1.50
this page	.15	.40	.70	
	1/2 Oz.	Oz.	4 Oz.	Lb.
EGGPLANT Pkt05 ENDIVE Pkt05	\$.20 .10	\$ .35 .15	\$1.00	
FENNEL	.10	.20 .20		
KOHL RABI	.10	.15	.35	
LETTUCEPkt05	.10	.15	.35	
COS OR ROMAINE	05	.15 .10	.35 .25	\$ .75
WATERMELON		.10	.25 .20	.65
OKRA OR GUMBO		.10		
ONIONS—On this pagePkt. \$.05	.10	.20	.60	

Market Gardeners Ask Far Quantity Prices

HAMILTON SEED & COAL COMPANY

SWEET SPANISH—Large, globeshaped, exceptionally mild and sweet—excellent for eating raw or bailed. Light yellow skin and pure white, firm, crisp, and tasty flesh. 112 days.

EBENEZER — Large, samewhat flottened. Leading variety for anion sets.

#### **Red Varieties**

RED WETHERSFIELD — Papulor, gaod keeper, used extensively for sets. Medium large, flat bottomed bulbs with sloping top. Purplish-red. Fine grained flesh, firm, slightly flushed with pink. 100 to 102 days.

SOUTHPORT RED GLOBE — Finest of all red onions. Perfectly round, gaad sized bulbs with thick, small necks. Skin is deep purplish red, and the strong flavared flesh is white tinged with pink. Goad keeper, praductive. II2 ta II4 days.

#### White Varieties

SOUTHPORT WHITE GLOBE— Best of the whites. Mediumsized, round, solid white bulbs fine, thin skin. Waxy white flesh, mild and fine grained. Keeps well in fall. 110 to 112 days.

WHITE PORTUGAL or SILVER-SKIN—Excellent flat variety. Dependable cropper, excellent far sets, for green bunching, or as a pickler. 100 to 102 days.

WHITE BUNCHING—Grown exclusively for green onions. Does not form bulbs. Long white stems.

MOSS CURLED or TRIPLE CURLED—Compact, dark green leaves, curled and fine-cut, resembling mass. Fine for garnish.

#### **PEAS**

# Early and Second Early

TETON—Large, stroight, bluntended pads. Very early, large wrinkied seed, fully wilt-resistant. (See page 4 far illustratian.) Large packet, 10c.

ALASKA — Wilt resistant. Used for canning and early home garden. Blunt, straight, light-green, 3 inch pods with 6 to 8 good quality small peas. Plants 32 inches. 60 days. Large pkt., 10c.

A MERICAN WONDER or NOTT'S EXCELSIOR—The ald favorite. Dork green, fairly coarse vine. Single and double pads, light-green, straight and blunt, medium sized peas, wrinkled, largely square. 12 ta 14 inch vines, 2¾ inch pods. 61 days. Lorge packet, 10c.

LAXTON'S PROGRESS—Medium dark green vine, 16 to 18 inches. Single pods almost an inch wide and  $4\frac{1}{2}$  ta 5 inches long, with 7 to 9 large peos. 62 days. Lorge packet, 10c.

LAXTONIAN — Exceptionally choice and prolific. Dark green, rather coarse vines, producing straight pointed, well-filled 2½ inch pads. Large packet, 10c.

LITTLE MARVEL — Outstanding dwarf. Fine quality, large yield. Single and dauble, dark green,



Muskmelon, Hearts of Gold

Peas, Laxton's Progress

Pepper, Pimento

# **ONION PLANTS**

Sturdy, hardy plants that come to you all ready to set out. Ask for lawest prices.

#### **ONION SETS**

The quickest way to get onions early. We affer choice, select, dry sets, of the highest quality. Plant as soon os soil con be worked. (Prices on opplication.)

EBENEZER or JAPANESE.

WHITE.

RED. YELLOW.

#### **PARSLEY**

HAMBURG ROOTED — Deeply cut, plain leaves. Edible roots, thick and fleshy, 10 to 12 inches lang. Used far flavaring.

3 inch pads—blunt, plump, well filled with 7 ta 8 medium sized, light green tender peas. 62 days. Large packet, 10c.

PREMIUM GEM, Improved — New and resistant to wilt. Darkgreen 20 ta 22 inch vine. Single and double 2¾ inch pods, straight, round, light-green, blunt. 6 to 7 gaad quality, medium sized, wrinkled green peos. 64 doys. Lorge pocket, 10c.

#### Later Varieties

TELEPHONE — Fine, lorge podded, far all uses. Resists wilt. Dork green, coorse 40 inch vine. Single, broad, plump pods, 4½ to 5½ inches—straight, dorkgreen, pointed. They contoin 8 ta 10 highest quality, lorge, wrinkled, light green peos. A tap quality variety. 74 doys. Lorge pocket, 10c.

# PRICES of Vegetable Seeds listed on this page (LARGE PACKETS 5c UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED)

Prices Subject ta Market Changes					
		1/2 Oz.	Oz.	4 Oz.	Lb.
ONIONS (Cont'd)—Sweet Spanish					
and White VarietiesPkt.	\$.05	\$.15	\$ .25	\$ .75	
ONIONS—Ebenezer and Red Varieties	OF.	.10	.20	10	
onion SETS AND PLANTS—Prices	.05	.10	.20	.60	
on Application—					
PARSLEYPkt.	.05	.10	.15		
PARSNIPSPkt.	.05	.10	.15	.30	
		1/2 Lb.	Lb.	3 Lbs.	
PEASPkt.		\$.15	\$ .25	\$ .70	
PEAS—TetonPkt.	.05	.18	.30	.80	
·		Pkt.	1/4 Oz.	1/2 Oz.	Oz.
PEPPER - Harris Early Giant, Ruby King,					
World Beater, Bull Nose, Long Red Cay			ė ir	e or	e 40
Red Chili, California Wonder PEPPER—Pimento			\$ .15 .10	\$ .25 .20	\$ .40 .50
PEPPER—Fordhook			.20	.30	.50
		Oz.	4 Oz.	8 Oz.	Lb.
PUMPKIN—Field VarietiesPkt.	\$.05	\$.10	\$ .20	\$ .35	\$ .60
PUMPKIN—Pie VarietiesPkt.	.05	.10	.25		.75
RADISHPkt.		.05	.10	.25	.40
Market Gardeners Ask For Quantity Prices					
		-			

# HAMILTON SEED & COAL COMPANY

DWARF TELEPHONE or DAISY
—Prolific, resists wilt. Vines about
2 feet, but otherwise resembles
Telephone. 79 days. Large
packet, 10c.

STRATAGEM, Improved — Wilt resistant. Stacky, deep green, branching vine, 26 inches. Single and paired pods, 4½ inches, olmast round, straight, pointed, dark-green with 8 to 10 fine succulent peas. Large, wrinkled, green seed. 79 days. Large packet, 10c.

#### Edible Podded or Sugar Varieties

MAMMOTH MELTING SUGAR — Wilt resistant. Coarse, light-green vine, 54 inches. Single 4½ inch pods, broad, indented, light, blunt, stringless, without fiber, fleshy. Contain 7 peas. Seed large, round, creomy-white. 74 days. Large packet, 10c.

# **PARSNIP**

HOLLOW CROWN or GUERN-SEY—The most generally grown kind. Roots  $2\frac{1}{2}$  to 3 inches thick ot shoulder, 12 to 14 inches long, uniformly tapered, hollaw crawned. 95 days.

#### **PEPPERS**

FORDHOOK—Very large, early, prolific variety of rich green color, turning to crimson. Bears fruits in clusters of 5 to 7, with shiny skins and thick meat. (See page 4 for illustration.) Pkt., 15c.

**PIMENTO** — Excellent for canning or stuffing. Smoath, heart-shaped, very thick flesh. 73 days.

HARRIS' EARLY GIANT—Early; like Bull Nose but larger and langer. 63 days.

CALIFORNIA WONDER — Outstanding, medium lote. Uniform, deep-green fruit, changing ta crimson. Smooth. 75 doys.

**RUBY KING** — Abundant, topering fruit, dark-green changing taruby-red. 69 days.

WORLD BEATER — One af the best lorge peppers. Glossy-green, chonges to bright red. Mild, very sweet, thick flesh. 75 doys.

BULL NOSE or LARGE BELL—Early favarite. Small, productive plant. Blunt fruit 3 by 2\frac{3}{4} inches. Deep green to scarlet red. Ribs pungent, flesh mild. 64 days.

LONG RED CAYENNE—The hat favorite. For canning, pickling, drying. Pungent flavared fruit, tapering and twisted. 70 days.

RED CHILI—Law, spreading, 18 inch plant. Extremely pungent fruit. Erect, canical. 82 days.

# **PUMPKIN**

connecticut fletd — Lorge fruit with flat ends, 15 ta 25 pounds and up to 15 inches. Surfoce, slightly ribbed, deep orange. Thick flesh, orange-yellow, sweet and coarse. 118 days.

KENTUCKY FIELD or LARGE CHEESE — Dull orange, large ribbed fruit. Coarse, deep yellaw flesh, good flavar. 120 days.

SMALL SUGAR or NEW ENG-LAND PIE—Desirable for pie or

LAND PIE—Desirable for pie or general use. Round, flat end fruit, deep arange. Thick, yelloworange flesh. 118 days.

STRIPED CUSHAW — For stock feed. Crook-necked, 11 pounds, white and green striped, thick, coarse yellow meat. 112 doys.

WINTER LUXURY or PIE—Eorly, resembling Small Sugar but larger. Flat ended, 9 to 10 inches, 7 to 8 pounds. Thin, netted, arange-yellow skin. 100 days.

#### **RADISH**

CRIMSON GIANT—Large round, I to 11/2 inches. Deep crimsan roots. Very crisp and tender far its size. 28 days.

EARLY SCARLET GLOBE, MEDIUM TOP — Globulor, slightly elongoted, bright scorlet. 24 doys.

EARLY SCARLET TURNIP, WHITE TIPPED — Carmine red with white tip. Flesh white, crisp and mild. 26 doys.

FRENCH BREAKFAST — Raots thicker taword battom, 1½ inches long by ½ ta ¾ inches. Dull scarlet, white tipped, 25 doys.

25



# Growing Data

CANTALOUPE AND MUSK-

MELON—Plant 6 or 8 seeds in hills about 6 ft. by 6 ft., ar drill in rows, 4 to 5 ft. apart when the sail is warmed. Thin out to 2 or 3 plants per hill when grown to 4". Allow 3 to 4 lbs. per acre.

CUCUMBERS—Usually planted in hills 4 to 5 ft. apart; 6 ar 8 seeds per hill, thinned out to 3 ar 4 plants when grawn to 6" or 8". The hill method of planting allows early cultivotion in both directions, but many growers prefer drills spoced 4 to 5 ft. aport, with the plants 18" ta 36" opart. One ounce will sow 100 hills; 3 to 4 lbs. on acre. Fruits shauld be removed when they reach the picking stage; if left

ta ripen an the vines the yield will be decreosed.

The best sail far grawing Cucumbers is warm, sandy laam—especially if it has a slight southward slope.

EGG PLANT—Requires laose, fertile soil and will not thrive in cloy. Sow in hotbed ar flats and transplant with the least passible disturbance af the roots, when 3" high, setting the plants 2½ to 3 ft. apart in raws 3 to 4 ft. aport. Allow one ounce for 1,500 plants.

**LEEK**—Used in soups, stews and salods or creamed. Sow early in rows 16" aport, thinning the plants loter to 4" to 6" opart. When cultivating, draw the sail up oround the plants to blanch them.

LETTUCE—Lettuce daes nat stand hot weather well, but is nat harmed by mild

frasts; the eorliest sarts can therefore be transplanted in the first weeks of spring and the later sarts sown 1/4" deep in the open then. Rich ond well-prepared soil is odvisable, as the plants must be grown quickly. Moisture and thorough cultivatian are also required. Allow 1/2 oz. per 100 ft. of raw; 3 lbs. per ocre.

MUSTARD—Sow in rows 18" apart, ollowing ane aunce of seed to 200 ft. of row. Leaves are usually lorge enough for marketing in 30 doys.

ONIONS—The onion is a heavy feeder ond, for well-shaped, fully developed bulbs, demonds a rich and finely worked soil. It is a hardy plant and seed may be sown early in rows 15" apart. Thin aut the seedlings ta 3" ta 4" and cultivate frequently to keep down weeds.

#### Radish (Cont'd.)

LONG SCARLET, SHORT TOP
— Smooth, 5 to 6 inch roots,
dark scarlet. Small tops. 27 days.
WHITE ICICLE—Tapering roots
5 to 51/2 inches, very white with
pure white, mild flesh. 27 days.

Fall and Winter Varieties ROSE CHINA WINTER—Populor, very distinct winter sort. Good for late salads. Cylindrical blunt, smooth, bright rose-red. Flesh white, very firm and pungent. 52 days.

WHITE CHINA WINTER—Roots lorge, 8 inches long,  $2\frac{1}{2}$  to 3 inches in diameter. Cylindrical with heavy shoulder. Flesh white, crisp, rather mild. 60 days.

#### SPINACH

BLOOMSDALE SAVOY, LONG STANDING—A few days later than regular Bloomsdale Savoy. Holds from 12 to 14 days longer. 42 days.

IMPROVED OR GIANT NOBEL—Large, vigorous, spreading plont, slow to form seed stalks. Extremely heavy yielder. Very lorge, thick, smooth, deep green, tender leaves. 45 days.

KING OF DENMARK — Exceptionally long standing, large plonts. Broad, dark-green leaves, somewhat crumpled. Excellent for spring planting. 46 days.

NEW ZEALAND—Thrives in dry, hot weather. Can be picked repeatedly all season. Not a true spinach but similar when cooked. 70 days.

#### **SQUASH**

#### **Summer Varieties**

EARLY PROLIFIC STRAIGHT-NECK — Earlier, smaller, and more productive than Giant Summer Straightneck, and more uniform. Brilliant yellow. Fine for home or market. (See page 4 for illustration.) Packet, 10c.

EARLY WHITE BUSH SCALLOP—Fruits greenish when young, become white at maturity. 3 inches long, 71/2 to 81/2 inches wide. 53 days.

GIANT SUMMER CROOKNECK
—Prolific, bush type plant, curved neck fruits around 4 to 5 lbs., 20 to 24 inches long, 4 to 5 inches diameter, 56 days.

ZUCCHINI—Straight, cylindrical fruit, 3 to 4 pounds, 4 to 5 inches through, 10 to 14 inches long. Mottled and striped greencream-grey. Very firm, delicate flavored flesh. Bush type. 60 days.

# Fall and Winter Varieties

TABLE QUEEN or DES MOINES

— Acorn-shaped, green, deeply
furrowed; flesh rich yellow, dry,
mealy, delicious. Convenient size
for baking and serving in halves.
100 days.

BUTTERCUP—Unique and attractive shaped. Green skin with stripes and spots of gray. Thick oronge flesh, dry and sweet. Good keeper. 100 days.

CHICAGO WARTED HUBBARD

Lorge fruit, rough dark green skin. Bright orange flesh, fine grained, rich and dry. 120 days.

GOLDEN DELICIOUS MAR-ROW — Fruit is reddish-orange with green tip, 7 pounds, 8 inch diameter, 10 to 12 long. Flesh golden-orange, thick, sweet and dry. 100 days.

ACORN—Ribbed, acorn shaped fruit, smooth, thin shelled, dark green. Light yellow flesh bakes well. 58 days.

#### **TOMATOES**

STOKESDALE—An extremely important new development. Smooth, 7-az. fruit, brilliant colar, exceedingly solid flesh and small seed cavities. Matures in the secondearly group, a full week earlier than the Marglobe group. Usually ahead of Bonny Best, too—and 2 ounces heavier. (See page 4 for illustration.) Packet, 10c.

BREAK O' DAY — Resistant to wilt and nail-head rust. Plant light, of open, spreading habit, with medium faliage. Early and very prolific. Rich scarlet medium large, globe-shaped fruits. 70 days.

BEEFSTEAK—Rich scarlet-red extra large fruits, more or less ribbed. Juicy, solid, with rich sub-acid flavor. One af the best for home use. 90 days.

NEW STONE—Large, flat, deep, smooth, scarlet fruits, of fine quality. 86 days.

EARLIANA — Open, spreading, medium small vines. The bright red fruits run to medium size. This seed is selected for thick, smaoth fruit. 66 days.

BONNY BEST—Second early variety, valuable for canners. Medium vine, not very hardy. Medium-sized, apple-shaped, solid fruits, bright scarlet. Start indoors and set out after all danger of frost is past. 73 days.

GREATER BALTIMORE — Midseason variety. The vines are large, vigorous, and open. Fruits medium-large, flat, fairly solid and firm. Deep scarlet. 82 days.

MARGLOBE — Moderately productive, with heavy foliage. Vigorous, and resistant to wilt and rust. Fruits medium large, nearly round, smooth, and solid. Deep red. 77 days.

PRITCHARD—A cross between Marglobe and Cooper's Special, developed by U. S. Department of Agriculture. Large, solid, smooth, round fruit, with thick walls. Rather light scarlet. 73 days.

RUTGERS—Second early variety. Large, thick stems, vigorous foliage. Fruits similar ta Marglobe but flatter at stem end. Bright red, with thick walls. Red, firm flesh, low acidity. 72 days.

GOLDEN QUEEN—The leading, maincrop large yellow variety. Gaod for juice and for home gardens. The fruit is a deep golden yellow color, and vines medium large. Very mild flavor, smaoth and solid 84 days.

PONDEROSA—One of the largest varieties. Spreading large vines. Solid, fine flavored, pink,



with small seed cells. Somewhat rough and flat. Have a tendency to crack. 88 days.

Small Fruited
STRAWBERRY or GROUND
CHERRY — Sometimes called
Golden Husk. Not a true tomato. The small, round, yellow
fruits have a delicate flavor and
are used as preserves. Vine flat
and spreading. 86 days.

YELLOW PLUM — Oval plum-shaped fruit for preserving. 73 days.

**RED** CHERRY — Fruits small, round; rich deep red. For preserves, pickling and decorative purposes.

#### **TURNIPS**

White Fleshed Varieties POMERANIAN or LARGE WHITE GLOBE—Principally for stock feed. Large tops, globe shaped roots, slightly flattened, and smoath. 4 to 6 inches across. Weigh 4 to 8 pounds. 75 days. PURPLE TOP MILAN—Very early. Flat purple-topped roots of mild flavor. 42 days.

PURPLE TOP, STRAP LEAVED—
Medium early good crapper.
Flat, shaded purple on top. Tender, fine grained flesh. 46 days.
PURPLE TOP WHITE GLOBE—
All purpose variety. Large, sweet
taps. Smooth, globe-shaped

taps. Smooth, globe-shaped roots, purple-red above, white belaw. Sweet, tender, crisp white flesh. 55 to 60 days.

Yellow Fleshed Varieties GOLDEN BALL or ORANGE JELLY—Small, erect tops. Raund roots, 3 to 4 inches, smooth and deep yellow, slightly bitter. 60 to 65 days.

Foliage Turnip SHOGOIN or JAPANESE FOLI-AGE—18 to 20 inch bright green tops, strap leaved. Roots white, mild and tender.

Rutabaga or Swede Turnip AMERICAN PURPLE TOP— Hard and productive. Tender, firm, light yellow, sweet. 88 days. SWEET PERFECTION WHITE— White-fleshed variety, desirable for table use. Yields better than yellow varieties.

# New!

# DEVELOPMENTS IN VEGETABLES

Varieties that are good news to every gardener! The very latest prize winners!

See page 4

# PRICES of Vegetable Seeds listed on this page (LARGE PACKETS 5c UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED)

Prices Subject to Morket Changes					
771600 000,000 12 10000000	Pkt.	Oz.	4 Oz.	8 Oz.	
manufaction (Complete)	\$.05	\$ .10	\$ .25	\$ .40	
RADISH—(Cont'd)		.15	4	¥	
SALSIFY	05	.15			
SPINACH—Bloomsdole Sovoy Long Standing,	,				
King of Denmork		.10	.20	-30	
SPINACH—New Zealond	.05	.15	.30		
SPINACH—New Zediona Soullan Gian					
SQUASH-Eorly White Bush Scallop, Giant					
Summer Crookneck, Toble Queen, Acorn	!				
Golden Delicious Morrow, Chicogo Warted	1				
Hubbord	05	.10	.25	.40	
SQUASH—Zucchini and Buttercup, Early Pro					
SOUASH-Zucchini and Bottercop, Early 110	05	.15	.35	.55	
lific Stroightneck			4 Oz.	Lb.	
	Pkt.	Oz.			
TURNIP	. \$.05	\$ .10	\$ .20	\$ .55	
RUTABAGA OR SWEDE TURNIP	05	.10	.25		
KOTADAGA OK SWEDE TOKKIT	1/4 Oz.	1/2 Oz.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	
	74 02.	12 02.		, ,	
TOMATO — Earliona, Rutgers, Prit-		6 15	e 20	\$ .90	
chard, Break O'Doy, MorglobePkt. \$.05	\$.10	\$ .15	\$ .30	\$ .7U	
TOMATO-Strowberry, Yellow Plum,					
Red Cherry, Golden QueenPkt05	.15				
Red Ciletty, Obiden Quech					
TOMATO—Greater Boltimore, Bonny	.10	.15	.25	.75	
Bess	111		.45	1.25	
TOMATO—Ponderoso, Beefsteak	15	.25			
TOMATO Stokedole	15	.30	.50	1.50	
Market Gardeners Ask For Qu	antity	Prices			
Market odi dellera was tot 4		OMB	ANIV		

HAMILTON SEED & COAL COMPANY



# Growing Data

PARSLEY—The seed should be soaked and planted early in rows 12" to 18" apart. Thin to 8" to 12" apart. One ounce will saw 200 ft. of row. To have parsley for winter use, dry the leaves until they are crisp; then rub them down into powder, and keep battled.

PARSNIPS—Parsnips require the whole seasan ta mature and shauld therefare be sawn early, in raws 18" ta 24" apart. The sail must be well warked. A few radishes are frequently sown at the same time. Thin out 3" to 4" apart. Frast impraves the raats. Allaw ane ounce ta 200 ft. af raw.

**PEAS**—Peas are caal weather plants and shauld be sawn just as soan as the graund can be warked. The early, small, smaath-

seeded varieties shauld be planted first; the large, wrinkled-seeded sorts, which are sweeter and af better quality, are nat so hardy and shauld be sawn when the graund is a little warmer. While peas make a better shawing an poor sail than mast garden craps, it pays ta prepare a gaad seed bed, praperly enriched. Allaw 2 ta 3 lbs. per 100 ft. af dauble raw; 2 bushels per acre. Plant 2" ta 3" deep in 8" dauble raws, 2 ft. apart far the dwarf sarts, 3 ft. far the tall. Cultivate regularly and provide the tall sarts with brushwaad or ather suppart. Cammercial grawers have faund it highly prafitable ta run a strip af fertilizer alangside the raws about 3" away fram the grawing plants.

The garden peo is rich in nutritious values, cantaining vitomins A, B and

For increased yield, INOCULATE! Garden peas, like oll legume craps, will almost always benefit by inoculation. Both quantity and quality of the crap are increased when the beneficial nitragen-fixing bacteria ore present in sufficient numbers.

The cast of inoculating garden peos is only a matter of pennies. Peas should never be planted without it.

PEPPERS—Peppers are usually started in a pratected seed bed. Transplant when 4" high ta raws 2½ ft. apart with 2 ta 2½ ft. between plants. Cultivate regularly ta keep dawn weeds, drawing the sail up around the stems, and hae in a light dressing af fertilizer when the plants are 7" ta 8" high. Da nat plant hat peppers near sweet; they are apt ta crass.

# Vegetable Grower's Guide

Vegetwore	
	SPECIAL NOTES
Seed Distance Distance of Per 20 ft.	
Seed Distance apart planting of row	Mulch to prevent heaving of roots in winter.  Mulch to prevent heaving of roots in winter.
for 50 II. ( short)	Mulch to prevent fled by fall vege
or 10"   340 6 1	Early planning
1/2 oz. 14 to 27 9 to 3 11/2 to 2	tables. Cultivate as for Bush Beans above. Cultivate as for pole and later thin to three.
Aspaide 1/2 lb.   24 10 30   1/2 0   4 to 6 ats.	Plant 6 seeds por
1 1 1 1 0 1 6 30 1 31 1 1 1 2 5 1 1 0 9	Plant 6 seeds per P  Use turnip varieties for late planting.  Use deeply and often—keep clean of weeds.  Hoe deeply and often.
Pegns, Lima .   72   36 to 48   6 to 1	I I I a deeply une
Beans, Pole 1/2 10 heads	Hoe deeply and the Hole of the
Roets 1/2 oz. 18 to 36   14 to 24   72   5 doz. roots	Never allow grown
Cabbage   4   16 to 24   160   16   8 to 10 fleds	Needs plenty of water.  Needs plenty of water.  Stands hot weather better than cabbage or kale.  Stands hot weather better than cabbage or kale.
Carrots 4 94 to 30   20 to 24   4 stalks	Needs plein y
Cauliflower 4 2 40 4to 6 4	Stands hot weather better man expenses the stands hot weather better man expenses to same time as first sweet corn.  Sow at same time as first sweet corn.  Sow at same time as first sweet corn.
78021 2412 30 1 1410 10 1	Stands hot weather as first sweet corn.  Sow at same time as first sweet corn.  Deep soil, frequent cultivation makes best crop.  Deep soil, frequent cultivation makes best crop.
Collards   40 ears   1   40 ears	Deep soil, frequent curry and not pull vines.  When picking, cut stems; do not pull vines.  When picking cut stems; do not pull vines.
Corn, Pop   30 to 42   910 12   00 to 30 pic	When picking, cut stems; as not placed with the plants into cone shape.
Corn, Sweet 1 12 to 36 1/2 to 74 30 to 40 fru	Needs lots of heat and frequent was lits  To bleach, tie plants into cone shape.  To bleach, tie plants into cone shape.
Cucumbers . 1/2 02.   94 to 36   18 to 24   1/2   30 to 40 pl	1 Cam during Joil
Egg Plant 18 024 8 to 12 12 20 plants	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
Fndive 94 to 32   1410 22	Should be thinned out to stand a fool aparts.  Should be thinned out to stand a fool aparts.  Plant in hills, 10 to 12 seed, thin to 4 plants.  Plant in hills, 10 to 12 seed, thin to 5 pring.
Kale 14 to 24 4 to 6 1/2 20 heads	Plant in hills, 10 to 12 secon boxes in Spring.
Kohlrabi 4 19 to 18 4 to 12 3/ 30 truits	Should be interested in Spring.  Plant in hills, 10 to 12 seed, frin 10  Plant in hills, 10 to 12 seed, frin 10  Can be grown in window boxes in Spring.
lettuce   1/2   70 to 80   30 to 50   1/2	( (660 KCCF
Muskmelon · 12021 14to 24 Oto	ons Onions grown from see Onions grown from
Mustara	Till top soil frequently and keep free or and seep free or an arrival top soil frequently and keep free or an arrival top soil frequently and keep free or an arrival top soil frequently and keep free or an arrival top soil frequently and keep free or a soil free or
Onion	Retter flavores alowly.
Onion (for   12 to 14   1/2	Cood definition
sets)	(nods) Do best in cool wearing,
Paisings 14 oz.   1210 20   1 to 2   10-20 4	Need lots of housing.
3/ lb   24 to 36   10 aoz	O fruits  O fruits  For Fall use, long, white varieties.
	For fall use, rows often.
Peppers   1/8 02.   2 oz.   96 to 110   60 to 84   1/2   10 to 1	Plant short rows often. Plant short rows often. For extra crop, sow in paper pots indoors. For extra crop, sow in paper pots indoors.
1/2 oz. 1210 5 3/4 5010	For extra clop/
3/4 OZ. 1 17 10 149 to 48 1 145 90	lbs. per For best lesson, lbs. per poorly flavored roots.
Spillaci 1 07 1 42 10 1 04 10 A() 1 72	For best results, train to start of the plant of the plan
Squasi, 4010	plant 80 roots  Crowding or weeds make poorly flavoica in the control of the cont
10maio 12 to 20 2 to 4 34	
Tumip 72 to 96   72 to 96	
Watermelon . 1/2 oz. 1/2	

the ground should be thoroughly pulverized and enriched with fertilizer. Fresh manure must not be used. First sowings ore mode very early, as the radish is hordy, and successive sowings up to hot weather. To avoid pithiness the crop should be grown quickly and pulled promptly when mature. Rows are 12" to 15" aport and sown 1/2" deep, allawing one ounce to 100 ft. of row or 10 to 12 lbs. to the ocre.

The secret of getting crisp, delicious radishes is quick growth. Sa use plenty of plont food in the soil where they are plonted.

All through the plonting season, a succession should be sown every 10 doys, so that you may hove plenty of

mild, tender rodishes far relish ond solods all through the seoson.

SPINACH—Sow in rows 12" to 24" opart, depending an the method of cultivotion, thinning later to 6". Foll sown seed will give on early spring crop and oll should be cut before hot weather. Sow ogain in August or September for a fall crap. Allow 2 aunces to 100 ft. of row; 15 to 25 lbs. to on ocre.

TURNIPS—For summer greens or raots sow early in drills 12" to 15" apart for hand cultivotion; 24" aport for horse cultivotion, and press the soil down firmly. Thin out when the plonts hove grown to obout 1" high. Sow again in the summer for foll ond winter use. Allow one ounce for 100 ft. of row, 2 to 3 lbs. per acre.

TOMATOES—Saw in hotbeds or indoor flots, using fresh soil. Keep the young plants free of insects and about 6 weeks loter when danger of frost is post, transplont to reasonably rich soil, setting the plants 3 to 4 ft. opart. Various methods of stoking and training the vines are in use and the grawer should study these and adopt the one best suited to his acreage. One ounce will make 1,500 to 2,000 plants and 5,000 to 6,000 plants are needed to set an acre.

WATERMELONS—Allow one ounce for 40 hills; 3 to 4 lbs. per ocre. Da not plont seed of unknawn origin; you can get better, surer results from seed that has been grown for seed purposes by expert growers.

# FIELD SEED

ALFALFA — Selection of Alfalfa seed is most important. The highest priced seed is often the cheapest. Remember that the loss on a poor stand is much greater than the difference in cost of the seed.

We corry a full range of alfalfa varieties suited to the needs of this territory.

Inoculotion is necessary. Inoculation means putting or planting in the soil, nitrogen-fixing germs or bacteria without which the Alfalfa cannot flourish. Even though the soil has had previously inoculated crops, the introduction of vigorous, additional bacteria is vitally necessary for maximum results.

CLOVER, WHITE or DUTCH — A low, close growing clover; very desirable for beautifying lawns. Will stand close cutting, Usually better to sow with other grasses.

CLOVER, MEDIUM RED — The most valuable of the Clover family. Makes two crops the second year. Does not exhaust the soil, but enriches it.

CLOVER, SWEET, WHITE BLOSSOM — Most abundant growth of any of the Clovers. Makes a pasture earlier than other crops and will keep stock in good condition until winter regardless of heat and drought. Use to build up worn out fields.

CLOVER, ALSIKE OR SWEDISH — Very hardy. Does better on moist land than other varieties of Clover. Suitable for hay or pasture. When sown with other grasses, forms a thick undergrowth and greatly increases the yield. Frequently sown both with Medium Red Clover and with Timothy, and the quality of hay thus produced is excellent. Finer and more leafy than Medium Red Clover and cattle prefer it.

FESCUE, CHEWINGS — Of particular value for sandy soils; does well in shade. FESCUE, SHEEPS — Grows naturally on light, dry, sandy soils and mountain pastures; quite valuable mixed with other grasses for permanent early spring pastures.

KENTUCKY BLUE GRASS — This makes the best, sweetest and most nutritious pasture for all kinds of stock. Very hardy, and is uninjured by cold or dry weather, hot sun or tramping of hoofs. Roots are so thick and stout that they form a tough sod. Requires two years to get well started, so is often sown in mixture with other grasses.

ORCHARD GRASS — Hardy, quick-growing. Gives a large yield of excellent hay. May be cut several times during season. Not recommended for lawn use.

**POA TRIVIALIS** — One of the finest grasses for shody places. Does best on medium soils.

RYE GRASS, PERENNIAL — Very nutritious; valuable for meadows or permanent pasture. Rapid growth. Drought resisting.

RYE GRASS, DOMESTIC — Fast-growing one-year grass. Makes a full crop, yields abundantly, and matures all in one season. Helpful as a nurse crop to other grasses.

**RED TOP** — Valuable for moist rich soils. A good variety to sow with Timothy and Clover and is more permanent than either. Should be fed close.

RAPE, DWARF ESSEX — Unequalled as a pasture for sheep, and as fattening foods for all livestock.

SUDAN GRASS — The ideal emergency hay and pasture crop for late planting. Never plant until ground is thoroughly warmed.

TIMOTHY — Unsurpassed as a crop for hay. Relished by all kinds of stock, especially horses. Not suited for permanent pasture

SOY BEANS — One of the most valuable crops. As a hay crop, Soy Beans are higher in protein content than Clover and equal to Alfalfa. Excellent for silage grown with corn. Do not plant too early.

BENT GRASS, ASTORIA — A comparatively new and distinct kind of grass that spreads from underground stalks. In rich soil produces an unusually deep, rich green turf.

#### FIELD CORN

HYBRID ond OPEN-POLLINATED — A good range of varieties and strains, selected and recommended by leading authorities and experimental stations as being the ones to plant for this territory.

#### **SEED POTATOES**

Our seed potatoes ore strictly certified stack, especially selected on their record of success in this district.

# A HAWKEYE field means a bumper yield



For 71 years, Hamiltons have been processing Midwest farm seeds for Midwest farmers.

You can DEPEND on farm seed from Hamilton's store
... or from any one of the 1500 HAWKEYE BRAND Dealers who are served by the Midwest's oldest seed house.

Hamilton's
HAWKEYE
FARM SEED

# LAWN

BEST LAWN MIXTURE—Our selected lawn mixture is the very finest combination of high quality seeds . . . a marvelous mixture that years of experimenting has proved to be safe and sound. It produces a lawn that is like a carpet of green velvet . . . smooth, even, and thick. All the grasses in it are fine-bladed and deep-rooting.

SHADE MIXTURE — Wherever shade makes it difficult to obtain a good lawn, our special shade mixture is heartily recommended. Excellent quality, shade-enduring grasses and clovers . . . blended into a mixture that will give surprising results.

KENTUCKY BLUE GRASS—Produces o deep dark green lawn of close, thick turf. Roots are deep, and plants very hardy.

WHITE CLOVER — Very desirable in lawn mixtures because of its rapid, low growth and creeping stems. Valuable as a green cover for poor ground. Very hardy.

CHEWINGS FESCUE — Widely used for putting greens, fairways and tees. Very hardy, produces thick, durable turf, even under unfavorable conditions.

ROUGH STALKED MEADOW GRASS (Poa trivialis) — Fine for shady or moist places. Leaves flat and light green, very dwarf growing. Does best on medium soils.

RED TOP — Stands wet weather and overflowing for even two to three weeks. Holds well during summer if cut often.

SEASIDE CREEPING BENT — Makes a thick, dense turf on heavy, sour soils. Unexcelled for fine lowns and putting greens.

RYE GRASS — A rapid grower, valuable in lawn mixtures demanding quick effect. Not long lasting. Does well on moist soils.

#### LAWN SEED PRICES

Prices Subject to Market Changes

**KENTUCKY BLUE GRASS:** 1 lb. \$.30; 3 lbs. \$.85; 5 lbs. \$1.40; 10 lbs. \$2.75.

WHITE CLOVER: 1/4 lb. \$.35; 1/2 lb. \$.60; l lb. \$1.00; 5 lbs. ...; 10 lbs. ....

CHEWINGS FESCUE: 1 lb. \$1.00; 3 lbs. \$2.90; 5 lbs. \$4.75.

ROUGH STALK MEADOW GRASS: 1 lb. \$,75c; 3 lbs. \$2.20; 5 lbs. \$3.50.

RED TOP: 1 lb. \$.25; 3 lbs. \$.70; 10 lbs. \$2.25.

RYE GRASS: 1 lb. \$.15; 3 lbs. \$.40; 10 lbs.

\$1.25.

SEASIDE CREEPING BENT: 1 lb \$1.25;

5 lbs. \$5.75.

HAWKEYE LAWN MIXTURE: | lb. \$.35;

HAWKEYE SHADE MIXTURE: 1 lb. \$.45; 3 lbs. \$1.10; 10 lbs. \$4.25.

3 lbs. \$1.00; 10 lbs. \$3.25.

HAMILTON SEED & COAL CO.

BUTTERN BUTTER BETTERN

# GRASS SEEDS

# FOR EVERY SITUATION AND GROWING CONDITION



# Does your lawn need a doctor?

It's our business to know all about LAWNS — their troubles, their ailments, and how to cure them.

Especially the lawns of this territory! Long experience has taught us how to diagnose all the types of lawn trouble — and how to prescribe the remedy.

So -

Just bring your lawn troubles to us. Our experience is at your service.

## Plain Facts about Lawn Care

The way to success in lawn-building is often found in the answer to these four simple questions: FIRST—is the soil too heavy or too light? SECOND—does it have enough of the right kind of soil food and humus? THIRD—does it get and keep enough water? FOURTH—does it get enough seed, of the right kind?

It's nat difficult to find the answer to these questions — or ta remedy the troubles they reveal. A heavy soil, one which is predominantly clay, can be lightened by the addition of sand and humus, which should be well spaded in. A light soil can be impraved by adding a top dressing of a heavier soil, or by the addition of humus in the farm af peat moss ar grass cuttings. Food deficiencies are best taken care of by an application of one of the commercial plant foods.

## An early start pays

Start working the sail as early in the spring as passible. Grass seed will not be damaged by any weather condition except standing water, and the earlier it gets started the mare sturdy the seedlings will become befare the weeds germinate. Plant faod shauld be applied before seeding, and at the rate of about ten paunds to one thousand square feet of area.

The seed may be sown by hand, ar with a spreader. Distribution should be made in two directions, one at right angles to the other to decrease the possibility of leaving bare spaces. Do not skimp on seed, either in quality or distribution, for seed is the cheapest part of your lawn making opera-

tion. A heavy seeding insures a dense turf during the early life of the lawn and acts to check the intraduction and development of weeds. Apply about ane pound af seed to each two hundred square feet of lawn. When seed has been applied, brush into the soil by dragging some light, flexible object, such as a sack, over the soil. After the seed is brushed in, and nat befare, roll it to bring the soil particles in close contact with the seed.

## Thirsty lawns can't thrive

The life and beauty of a lawn depend upan how much water it gets and retains. As almost every lawn is different, the amount of water needed and the measures taken to retain moisture will differ. For instance, a lawn that tops a rise in ground and is unshaded, will need considerably mare attention than one in a hollaw, or surrounded by trees.

For the lawn which dissipates its moisture, there is no better remedy than an application or applications of peat moss. Peat moss is noted for its ability to retain maisture and keep the sail particles laase and friable. It can be used in two ways; either spaded into the sail to laosen and lighten it, or spread on the surface as a soft

Selected

for your home section

BY SEEDSMEN WHO KNOW

THE EXACT NEEDS OF

THIS TERRITORY

moisture-retentive. Apply peat moss to a depth of at least half an inch on the surface, depending upon canditions. A full inch may be spread in some cases, and where a very heavy clay sail must be loosened, even more is desirable.

## Get the moisture down deep!

Eliminate the word "sprinkle" from your vacabulary so far as lawns are concerned. Say "water the lawn", and mean it, far moisture must penetrate deep into the sail if it is to be of benefit. A sprinkling which moistens only the top sail encaurages shallow roots, which will be exposed to dry and cracking soil with the first hot weather. Peat moss and thorough watering will prevent this.

## Defeat weeds with SEED!

The best way to eliminate weeds is to concentrate on growing the best passible grass. If the lawn is well fed, and watered throughout the season, the turf will be tao dense to encourage weeds, and will smother them should they get started.

## GARDEN TOOLS



Our garden tool display includes all the old reliables and many interesting, modern new devices.

We carry garden tools of the finest quality — and the economy grades too. This store is garden supply headquarters. For months we have been carefully gathering tools and materials for every phase of gardening. The list that follows is only a partial one.

Whatever you need for the garden, let us know. You may be sure we can supply it.

FOR AMERICA'S FINEST GARDEN CUTTERS remember the name "WISS." They do the job faster and with less effort. Models and sizes for every purpose. J. WISS & SONS CO., Newark, N. J. — 92 years of American Craftsmanship.

WISS GRASS CLIPPERS WITH NEW
"GRIP-GUARD" — This model has vertical-action hondles and horizon-tal-action blades — works equally well with either hand — prevents cramping, too.

WISS SHOCK-PROOF HEDGE SHEARS — Beautifully bolonced — and a clever built-in Shock Absorber that takes the jolt and soves your arms. High-carbon crucible steel blades.

WISS HY-POWER PRUNER — More power to you — when you use these pruners. You get terrific leverage and a draw-cut action that sheors off sizable branches with ease. Finest cutlery steel.



#### **CULTIVATORS**

Adjustable Hand Cultivators The spread and number of teeth are adjustable. 5-taath and 3tooth sizes.

Garden Cultivotors — 5-prong, full length handle. 3-prong, medium long handle.

Midget Cultivator Weeder -Short handle. 3 small prongs.

## **FORKS**

Spoding Forks, Long Hondle -Preferred by some gardeners, saves stopping.

Spading Forks — Heavy best grade steel tines, wood D-handle. Also second quality forks, smaller and lighter.

Manure Forks — Six tines, iron D-handle: Alsa four tines.

## GRASS HOOKS OR SICKLES

We have a selection of the finest imported and American made grass hooks. Several styles. Highquality extra blades.

## GARDEN HOES

Solid Steel Garden Socket Hoe — 6 or 7 inch blades.

Solid Steel Garden Shank Hoe. Light Weight Steel Hoe - Especially designed for women. Fine tempered steel that holds its

Squore Top (or Onion) Hoe. Weeding Hoe - One prong or two prong.

Steel Scuffle Hoe - A very practical weeder and mulcher. See us for every kind af hoe to make gardening easier.

#### KNIVES

purpose.

Budding Knives.

Budding and Propagoting Knives — 2 blades.

Propogoting Knives.

Pruning Knives.

#### **RAKES**

One-piece Forged Steel Gorden Rake — Forged fram one solid piece of steel. Well balanced. Ideal for gardening. Curved, 14 tooth or 16 tooth. Also other steel rakes, various sizes, straight or curved teeth.

Wood Lawn Roke.

Steel Broom Roke — Flat teeth, flexible spring steel.

Bamboo Broom Rake—Very light, though durable. Handy for raking leaves, etc.

#### **SPADES**

D-Handle Spode — Light weight, extra quality. Also economy grade. Long Handle Spode.

#### SHOVELS

Round Point, D-Handle Shovel. Round Point, Long Handle Shovel. Squore Point, D-Hondle Shovel. Square Point, Long Handle Shovel.

Florol Shovel — A light shovel, suitable far planting shrubbery, ters and pullers. Sectransplanting, digging bulbs, etc. labor-saving tools.

#### TURF-EDGERS

Finest quality knives far every Indispensible for keeping lawns neat and trim. Several styles.

Grass Shears — Forged steel, full polished with tempered edges.

Gross Shears — Trowel shank with rubber handle.

Grass Sheors — Offset handles to prevent striking knuckles when trimming close to wall.

Flower Gothering Sheors—Snips and holds in one motion. A very clever tool. Also for light pruning.

Hedge Sheors - 8-in.; 9-in.; 10-in.; Good quality steel.

Pruning Sheors — 7-in. to 10-in. sizes. Also long handled models. Lopping Sheors — 20-in. or 27-in. long. Capacity cut.

#### **TROWELS**

We have the finest trowels of European and American manufacture.

Socket Gorden Trowel — Drop shank pattern. Will outlast several of the cheaper trowels.

Tronsplanting Trowel — Narrow tempered steel blade, with wood handle.

— and a good assortment of other patterns and grades.

#### **WEEDERS**

All types of approved weed cutters and pullers. See these handy

## GARDEN SUPPLIES

## **PLANT STAKES AND SUPPORTS**

Perennials in the flower garden, tomato plants, peas, beans and many other plants need proper supports. See our time-saving, low priced, plant supports.

Tomoto or Peony Supports — Made of heavy galvanized wire. 11/2 ft. ta 6 ft.

Wooden Stokes — Painted ar natural. Heavy Grade for Dahlias; Light Grade for smaller plants. 18 inch to 6 foot.

Bomboo Stokes — Painted or natural color.  $1\frac{1}{2}$  ft. to 6 ft.

#### TWIST-EMS

Now plants may be tied to stakes much more easily. Twine, raffia or other binding materials have been replaced by the handy "Twist-Ems" which fasten plant to stake by a simple twist of the

#### PLANT LABELS

Far trees, pots and gardens. Tree Lobels — Copper wired.

Heovy Wood — For use outside. Will last for years. Splendid for perennial plants.

All Metal Morkers — Non-rusting. Goad for a lifetime of service.

Wooden — For pots, painted. 4 inch to 12 inch.

HOTKAPS—Patented wax paper cones — guard plants against frost, wind, rain, insects, etc., by completely covering them. They maintain a perfect mulch around each plant.

VITAPANE — The new flexible glass substitute. For hot and cold bed frames, plant protectors. storm windows, poultry houses, etc. It passes the sun's ultraviolet rays; is readily cut with ordinary shears, any shape you want. Easy to fasten with tacks to windaw frames or woodwork.

## FLORALIFE THE FOOD FOR CUT FLOWERS



ADDS 3 to 5 DAYS MORE LIFE TO CUT ■ FLOWERS

—helps cut flowers live longer—no need to change water or recut stems doily.
Used and approved by flower lovers and florists everywhere.
It's so eosy! Just add original and genuine FLORALIFE to water TRY FLORALIFE on our recom-

mendation—10c per pkg.
Also Bulk size for home and hospitol use, to make 50 qts.—\$2.50.

## **EARTHENWARE FLOWER POTS**

We carry a complete line of earthenware flower pots and flower pot saucers. 2 to 12 inch sizes; also bulb pans.

FLORALIFE — The new food for cut flowers — will actually keep cut flowers fresh and lovely from 3 to 5 days longer. Not only prolongs life, but also prevents color fading — retards wilting mointains fragrance. Easy to use, and economical. Just add Floralife to the water, and your flowers will stay lovely much longer.

#### **GLOVES**

Protect your hands-wear gloves in your garden! Canvas, leather ond rubber gloves, all especially suited to gorden use.

## WATERING CANS

Best grade of galvanized iron, very strong. Long spouts make them very desirable for flower-bed use. Equipped with fine and coarse nozzles. 4 at. to 12 at.

French Style — Oval. 6 qt. to

New Streomline Toll Type.

GARDEN HOSE — Our moulded hose is made strong and durable and will last for years. Cheaper in the long run than low priced

SPRINKLERS AND HOSE NOZ-ZLES — See our complete line.

TREE WOUND PAINT - An antiseptic, penetrating paint to stap tree-bleeding and prevent infection of pruned or domaged portions.

FERTILIZER SPREADERS — Use o spreader to insure the proper distribution. Our spreaders ore rugged and dependable.

The NEW Handy Plant Tie

## TWIST-EMS'



A twist of the wrist and the plant is tied...no more work—it's a pleasure...'Twist-ems' are dark green strong tapes

dark green strong tapes with wire reinforcing that make perfect plant ties. No twine, raffia or shears needed with "Twist-ems". For plants, vegetables and arranging flowers. Box of 125, 8 inch size, 25c; Box of 250, 4 inch size, 25c.

Millions Used for Early Crops

## HOTKAPS

Each Hotkap is a small hothouse of



small hothouse of waxed paper protecting plants from frost, hail, wind, birds and insects; increases yield 10% to 25%, ripens crops 3 weeks earlier, hrings premium prices, gardeners everywhere are using them. Garden pkg. 25 Hotkaps and papier mache setter 50c; 100 pkg. with setter \$2.75; 250 pkg, with setter \$10.75. Postage extra. and tamper \$4.00; \$10.75. Postage extra.

## FERTILIZERS

ASHES, HARDWOOD -- Valued | because of its high potash content. Contains all of the fertilizer elements except nitrogen. Has a tendency to drive away insects. BLOOD MEAL, DRY - Fine for potted plants, roses, and as a top dressing for lawns. Produces a quick growth.

BONE MEAL - All-purpose fertilizer, rich in the two principal plant foods-nitrogen and phosphoric acid. Recommended for lowns, garden or general purpose. LIME (Hydrated) - Sweetens sour soil for lawns, and clover.

Is used as a reducer and in combination of mony insecticides; for whitewash, deodorizing. MURIATE OF POTASH - Im-

proved Potash, once again available, and should be used liberally, especially for all root crops. NITRATE OF SODA — Carries nothing but nitrogen (ammania) -no phosphoric acid or potash. Highly stimulating to lawns,

plants or other vegetation. SULPHATE OF POTASH—Highly recommended for plants requiring acid soil conditions.

Soil testing mode easy for amateur gardeners — It's easy — ond inexpensive — to test your own soil with Sudbury Soil Test Kits. They are made especially for the amateur — by the same loboratory which provides Government departments, county agents, agricultural schools, and large professional growers with much of their field testing equipment. With little fuss—and no red tape—you can quickly gauge your soil requirements in respect to nitrogen, phospharus. potash and acidity. A helpful table of plant needs accompanies each kit.

If your lawn is poor and straggly, do you know whether the cause is excess acidity, insufficient nitrogen, or some other soil deficiency? If you have had garden failures, can you put your finger on the reoson why?



PEAT MOSS — Fine for garden mulch, as it conserves moisture. When incorporated in the soil, it promotes growth and supplies humus, which is very essential for growing plants. Fine winter protection for lowns; also as a mulch on strawberry, perennial beds, roses, evergreens, etc.

SUPER PHOSPHATE—Aids plont nutrition and assists the plant to assimulate other ingredients. An efficient fertilizer element for lettuce, truck crops, cereal crops, ond olfalfo.

SHEEP MANURE - An economical and effective fertilizer. Excellent for lawns, gardens and general use. A perfectly balanced plant food,

SULPHATE OF AMMONIA -Highly concentrated—quick acting. Very desirable for all plants in which rapid growth or large leaf development is desired.

ALUMINUM SULPHATE - A material used in creating acid soils necessary for successful culture of Azaleas, Rhododendrons, ond similar plants.

TOBACCO STEMS—Used as a mulch for roses, asters, lettuce, etc., ond for fumigating plants to kill insects.

## There's a DIFFERENCE

Try this fomous Peat Moss from the colder Northland countries. You'll oppreciote its greater obsorbency . . . its freedom from "coking" ... its easy handling. It casts no mare per bale ... it goes "further." Excessive dust, dirt and fibre removed by Vocuum Cleoning.





## Sudbury Soil Test Kit For prize-winning gardens and a perfect lawn

Easy to use. No knowledge of chemistry required. Shows how to correct harmful acid ar alkaline conditions and give plants balanced diet. 50 tests for nitrogen, phosphorus, patash, acidity. Complete instructions. Helpful chart.

## **New Club Model** illustrated, \$4.75

Other Sudbury Soil Test Kits from \$2 to \$18.50.

## PLANTABBS WITH VITAMIN B<sub>1</sub> FOR PLANTS mean bigger blooms...faster growth . . . sickly plants rejuvenated

The Easy, Effective Way



Enjoy beautiful indoor plants all win-ter long. Get amazing results with gorden flowers years ter long. Get amazing results with gorden flowers, vegetables, fruits and ornamentals. Don't confuse Fulton's Plantobbs with preparations that merely supply Vitamin B<sub>1</sub> (powders, solutions, etc.). Vitamin B<sub>1</sub> is not a substitute for plant food. Only Fulton's Plantabbs are o complete, balanced PLANT FOOD plus Vitamin B<sub>1</sub> in the proper, effective amount. No odor, no mess, always fresh and potent—ready for use. Simply feed one tablet per plant, every week or ten days. Try, on our recommendation. In boxes, 25c, 50c, \$1.00, \$3.50.

A fertilizer formula for every soil feeding need. We offer special purpose fertilizers for use wherever a special formula is needed. Knowing the soil conditions and growing problems of this territory as we do, we can prescribe just the

Whether you know the formula you want - or want one recommended especially to handle some situation of your own, be sure to consult us.

- for vegetables

right formula for every case.

- for flowers for lawns
- for top dressing
- for potatoes
- for the market gardener

## ACME SPRAYING MATERIALS



## Acme Rotenone Garden Guard

A safe insecticide dust, which contains no orsenic or fluorine compound. The killing ingredient is Rotenone—non-injurious to humans and warm-blooded animals yet effective both by contact and as a stomach poison against insects. Especially recommended for use on broccoli, cabbage, cauliflower, Brussels sprouts, string beans, currants, and sweet corn. A favorite of the housewife for dusting roses and flower gordens. Controls lice, fleas, and mites on dags, cats, birds, and chickens. I lb. sifter carton 35c; 4 lb. 55c; 25 lb. \$3.20; 100 lb. \$12.00.

## Acme Emo-Nik

Most yords contain folioge that is more affected by Scale, Red Spider, and certain other troublesome pests thon by Aphis. Here is a complete contact insect spray combining micotine in its most active form with Emo, a high quality summer oil emulsion. Recommended for control of Aphis, Mealy Bugs, Red Spider, Thrip, White Flies, Rust Mites, Mildew, certain scale insects and other garden pests. 41/2 oz. 35c; Pint, 65c; Quart, 95c; Gallon, \$2.50.



## Acme Wettable Dusting Sulphur

(An Excellent Chigger Chaser)

Chigger Chaser)

An improved dusting sulphur for home use which can also be used as a liquid spray. Recommended to control mildew, leaf spot, block spot and rust on rose bushes, chrysanthemums, snopdragons, cannotions, and certain other foliage; also red spiders on evergreen. 98% posses through 325 mesh screen. 2 pound carton, 25c each.

## Acme Kopper Queen

(Mildew Spray)

(Mildew Spray)

A strong liquid copper spray for the control of mildew, leaf spot, and black spot on rose bushes, flowers, and mony other kinds of foliage.

Stainless, leaves no unsightly residue to detract from appearance of flowers and ornamentals. Use as a liquid spray replacing Bordeaux Mixture and Sulphur. 1/2 Pint, 35c; Pint, 55c; Quart, 90c; Gallon, \$2.25; 5 Gallons, \$7.50.





## Weed Killer

Weed Killer

A powerful quick-acting arsenical weed killer for destroying weeds and oll plant life on driveways, tennis courts, poths, etc. More widely used, however, in spotting out dandelion, plantoin and other noxious weeds in the lawn by applying a few drops of undiluted Weed Killer to the crown of the plant, using o regular weed cane or a squirt-bottom oil can. Pint, 30c; Quart, 50c; Gallon, \$1.50.



## Acme Bait-M

An effective insecticide bait which will throw a ring of protection around shrubs, flowers and plants in garden and lawn. For use against snails, slugs, cutworms, eorwigs, sow bugs, grasshoppers and many other insects which migrate along the ground. 1½ 1b. 35c; 4 lb. 85c; 15 lb. \$2.75.

## Acme Aphis Spray

An improved nicotine spray combining a soft spray soap with Black Leaf 40, suitable for the control of all kinds of aphis (plant lice), thrip, leaf hopper and many more hardy insects infesting rose bushes, flowers, shrubs, vines, bushes and trees. Mixes easily with any kind of water. Complete directions with every package. 3 oz. collapsible tube, 35c; 12 oz. can, 95c; 2½ lb. can, \$2.25.





## Acme Red River Potato Mix

(Special Formula for Potatoes only). A scientific development combining a new patented copper fungicide with quick-killing arsenic. Kills potato bugs quicker, drives off flea beetle and leaf-hopper, prevents blight from gaining a foothold, stimulates foliage, making more and better potatoes. Complete control in one operation—at one cost. Use as a dust or spray. I lb. bag, 30c; 4 lb. bag, 80c.

# Insecticides and Fungicides



ANT TRAPS—Kill both sweetsand grease-eating ants. Effective and lasting.

ARSENATE OF LEAD - Gives quick action in killing leaf-eating insects. It is safe to use on ten-der foliage, and sticks well to

BORDEAUX MIXTURE—A standard dry powdered fungicide for curing and preventing black rot, mildew, blight and other fungous diseases.

CALCIUM ARSENATE (Dry)-For chewing insects.

CYANOGAS A—Kills ants, rats, moles, fleas, bed bugs, moths, bats, grape mealy bugs, melon aphis, groundhogs, snakes, and insect pests.

CYANOGAS G — For green-house, bulb, grain, soil, household, warehouse fumigations.

DAWG-GONE - To protect evergreens and keep dogs away. just hang an opened tube of Dawg-Gone (opening down) in the lower branches of trees at the points of approach. (Not necessary to place tube in every tree unless standing alone.) The odor slowly emanating from the open tube will keep dogs at a distance. Replaces unsightly wire screen or mechanical contrivances. Tubes, 25c each.

GRAFTING WAX - Used for grafting. Also good to rub over wounds made on bark, or in pruning.

LIME SULPHUR DRY (Powder) ---For dormant spraying of fruit trees, shade trees and bushes for scale, etc.

NAPHTHALENE FLAKES—Used for repelling soil pests such as wire worms, maggots, moles and certain other insects. Protects bulbs against thrips and white

NICOTINE SULPHATE 40% (Black Leaf 40)—Kills aphis, thrips, leaf hoppers and other insects on garden, farm and orchard crops by contact and fumes. Also kills poultry lice.

PARIS GREEN-A poisonous insecticide in powder form. Gives quick control where extreme measures are necessary.

SEMESAN - For bulbs, roots, flower and vegetable seeds. Disinfects seed against many diseases and helps prevent rotting and damping-off. Also effective in controlling brown patch. One oz. treats 15 to 30 lbs. of seed.

SEMESAN BEL—For seed potatoes. Controls such seed-borne disease organisms as scab, rhizoctonia, and black-leg. Increases standard yield. One lb. treats 60 to 80 bushels.

SULPHUR, DUSTING-Effective for mildew, black spot and rust on a number of shrubs and

TOBACCO DUST - Kills aphis and flea beetles.

## SPRAY GUIDE CHART FREE

The portroits of garden enemies, below, will help you to identify mony of the pests you find in your garden. For further help in recognizing them and knawing how to combat them, use the famous ACME SPRAY GUIDE—the "gardener's doctor book." This big handy chort brings you oll the information you need to win your battles with garden pests. You may hove a copy, free, at any time, by writing, phoning, or colling at our store.

## **WARNING!** Watch for these Garden Enemies:















Mealy Bugs

Rose Chafer Sow Bug Leaf Hopper





White Flies



Mexican Bean Beetle





Rose Midge







Cutworms

Thrip

Codling Moth Tomato Worm Rose Aphis Potato Blight Illustrations by Courtesy of Acme

City and State

PURCHASER MUST SEND ORDER AND COUPON TO PAYEE (FOR FEES SEE OTHER SIDE)

money order

special deliver

## Fees for Money Orders Drawn on Domestic Form

Payable in the United States, including Hawaii, Puerto Rico, and the United States Virgin Islands, or in Guam and Tutuila (Samoa); also for orders payable in Antigua, Bahamas, Barbados, Bermuda, British Guiana. British Honduras, British Virgin Islands, Canada, Canal Zone, Cuba, Dominica, Grenada, Jamaica, Montserrat, Nevis, Newfoundland, Philippine Islands, St. Kitts, St. Lucia, St. Vincent, and Trinidad and Tobago.

For Orders	From	\$0.01	to	\$2.50	
	From	\$2.51	to	\$5.00	8 cents.
	From	\$5.01	to	\$10.00	11 cents.
	From	\$10.01	to	\$20.00	13 cents.
	From	\$20.01	to	\$40.00	15 cents.
				\$60.00	18 cents.
				\$80.00	
				\$100.00	
		1			

## Memoranda of Issuing Postmaster:

If order is purchased through Rural Carrier, he will fill spaces below:

Carrier's receipt No.

.... Carrier.

Note.-The maximum amount for which a single Money Order may be issued is \$100. When a larger sum is to be sent additional Orders must be obtained. Any number of Orders may be drawn on any Money Order office on any one day.

Applications must be preserved at the office of issue for three

years from date of issue.

# Order Blank HAMILTON SEED & COAL CO.

116 First St. S.E.

Cedar Rapids, Ia.

# FREE!

# Giant packet of unusual ZINNIA LINEARIS

For using this order blonk, we will give you FREE one giont pocket of Zinnio Lineoris. The most unusual of all newer Zinnias is this dwarf variety. Single flowers in a wide range of lovely shades will cover the folioge from eorly summer until frost. Just send us your order, in the usual way, on this blank, and we'll give you the ZINNIA LINEARIS FREE!

	D	ate		_, 194		
			ch ship merchandise nam			
	express,		_freight,	mail,		
		·	ase order under one name)			
			ase order under one name) Box			
Post Office State			State	·		
Quantity		Name of Article Wan	ted	Price		

Quantity	Nam	e of Article Wanted		Pric
			1600	
		j.	1000	
· · · · · ·				
		: * *		- 11
			2.4	
				<del></del>
Ý	We would be glad to send who are interested in garder Use the following lines for the	ning. Names of home o	wners only desire	d.
	NAME	POST OFFIC	E	STATE
	Conditions and contingencies over	which we have no control	tomotimes proved	

Conditions and contingencies over which we have no control sometimes prevent even the best of seeds from giving full satisfaction. For this reason, it is impossible for us to guarantee seeds under all circumstances. We take every possible precaution and care to give you the best possible merchandise and service, but in accordance with the regular custom of the Seed Trade, we give no warranty, express or implied, as to description, quality, productiveness or any other matter of any seeds, bulbs, or plants we sell, and will not in any way be responsible for the crop.

Name		
Address_		

Place Stamp Here

## HAMILTON SEED & COAL CO.

116 First Street S. E.

CEDAR RAPIDS, IOWA



# Spraying and Dusting

Gorden pests are of three kinds | -(1) insects, (2) diseases, (3) miscellaneaus pests.

- I. Insect Pests-Insects must eat —that is why they consume the growing things in your garden. There are two main kinds: biting insects, and sucking insects. The biters are controlled with stomach poisons placed on the leaves they eat. Suckers get their food from the juices of the plant not the surface, and must be fought with "contact insecti-cides" which clog their breathing pores or penetrote to their
- 2. Plant Diseases—Fungi or bacteria are controlled (just as insect pests are) with spraying or dusting. In some cases, the soil is the communicator of the disease, and must be disinfected. In other cases, the disease may be transmitted by an insect fram one plant to another—and the insect has to be controlled.
- 3. Miscelloneous Plant Pests-These include gophers, slugs, snails, squirrels, etc.

## Controlling the Pests

The most important part of pest control is prevention. Keep a daily watch upon your plants.
Disease is easy to prevent but
hard to cure. Spray or dust ot the first sign of trauble.

SPRAYING — Sprays adhere to foliage better than dust. Fewer applications are necessary. Spraying can be dane under weather conditions, such as light wind, which makes dusting impractical. Less materials are wasted in spraying than in dust-

DUSTING-Less time is required for applying the material than for spraying. Less labar is required. There is less danger af burning tender foliage. Dusting is more efficient in killing aphids that attack leaves of low-growing crops, where it is impossible to force liquid spray against the bodies of the insects.

But whether spraying, dusting, or a combination of bath is used,

STANLEY'S **CROW** REPELLENT protects your

seed corn

from Crows and all other cornpulling birds and animal pests.

½ PINT-Enough for 1 bushel seed \$ .60

1 PINT - Enough for 2 bushels seed 1.00

1 QUART - Enough for 4 bushels seed 1.75 good equipment should be used.

Thoroughness of application is essential for cantral. The entire plant must be covered, stems and undersides of leaves as well as the top. To be killed, the insect must be hit by the sproy. Partial killing off of pests is of little advantage. They reproduce so fast that unless a thorough job is done, the condition soon reverts to its original state.

That's why you need good sproyers and dusters—built to do the work thoroughly, and to last.

Cheap sprayers are never a bargain. They do not last and they waste material. They do not give the fine mist necessary to coat economically. They do not have enough force for the use of contact sprays.

#### Care of Sprayers

Working parts of the sprayer should be kept in good condition. A little oil placed upon the plunger will keep the washer from drying out. If washers wear out ar dry out, be sure to come in to our store and get new ones—and don't forget that the nozzle must be cleaned frequently.

## **Ask Us About Sprayers**

Our experience has taught us which sprayers and dusters give best service. Ask us about them! The following list includes only a few of the pest control devices available at our store.

Compressed Air Tank Sproyers
—Open-top or funnel-top; galvanized, brass or copper tanks; 2 to 4 gallon sizes.

Wheelbarrow Type Sprayers— 12 gallon or 18 gallon sizes. Bucket or Borrel Spray Pumps. Continuous Sprayers — I quart to 3 quart; various types.

## EVER GREEN

Non-poisonous Spray

Effective against all kinds of injurious beetles, ophids, worms, cut-worms. Will not injure any plant. Dilute with 100 to 800 ports of water.

## Don't Let BUGS Ruin Your **FLOWERS**

Kill them with Red Arrow Garden Spray. It's quick, simple, sure, inex-pensive. Kills insects that harm roses, other flowers and shrubs. Also

REDARROW

roses, other flowers and shr ants in lawns. Safe to hu-mans, birds, pets, when sprayed. 35c bottle makes several gallons. Easy-to-follow directions on label. Buy Red Arrow Garden Spray. Start spraying as soon as first insects appear.

Ask for free booklet "Garden Insect booklet Control."

Light Weight Hond Sproyers— For household insecticides.

Heavy Duty Dusters—For truck gardens, small orchards, vinevards, etc.

Gorden Dusters-For all-around garden use.

#### Vitamin B-1 for Plants!

Vitamins—the scientific marvel af the century—have now been found to work wonders with

Science has discovered that Vitomin B-1 does simply miraculous things for plants and flowers. Scientists, experimenting with it, raised 5-inch rose buds; daffodils bigger than a salad plate; snap-dragons six feet tall!

Now Vitamin B-1 is available in liquid form, or in handy tablets, combined with plant food. The tablet form is Plantabbs, the papular plant food, which now has Vitamin B-1 added.

Have larger blooms-healthier plants! Ask us about Plantabbs, with Vitamin B-I added.

## FUNGICIDE DUST



Sulphur base concentrated dust to control Mildew and Black Spot Used for years by rose growers. I lb., 35c; 5 lbs., \$1.25; 25 lbs., \$6.25; Plus postage.



Harmless. Doesn't show. You don't smell it, but your dog does ond keeps owoy. Just sprinkle lightly. Protects shoes, rubbers, curtoins. Prevents soiling ond shedding hoirs on rugs ond furniture. ond . lightly. P



## Chaperone Generous package os

illustrated, several months' supply, \$7

## HERBICIDE

The ORIGINAL WEED KILLER

Destroys grass and weeds chemically on driveways, tennis courts, etc. Poison ivy and other noxious weeds quickly destroyed. Avoid useless cutting and pulling of tops—
"HERBICIDE" kills the ROOTS.

"HERBICIDE" recognized as most powerful chemical weed killer. Very economical —one gallon makes 40 gallons of mixture. We guarantee "HERBICIDE". Accept no substitute—insist on the original— "HERBICIDE".



## For Complete Control

## HAMMOND'S INSECTICIDES



## HAMMOND'S SLUG SHOT

SAFE DUSTING! Insecticide—Fungicide—Use on flowering and vegetable plants. Kills insects yet is not poisonous. Easy and safe to use. I lb., 25c.; 5 lb., \$1.00; 25 lb., \$3.00.

## HAMMOND'S LIQUID SLUG SHOT



HAMMOND'S

DANDELION

KILLER

ALL PURPOSE SPRAY - Insecticide - Fungicide for Roses - Complete control for insects and fungus diseases all in one product. Simply mix with water and spray. Controls Black Spot and Mildew. 4 oz., 65c; Half-pint, \$1.00; Pint, \$1.50; Quart, \$2.50; Gallon, \$8.00. Plus postage.

KILL DANDELIONS EASILY-A drop or two of this liquid, applied or spotted on dandelion or plantain kills plant. A can "weeds" an average lawn. Half pint can, 35c. Plus



MONOS

STABILIZED

OTENON

NSECT DUS

## STABILIZED ROTENONE

"STABILIZED" LONGER LIFE - Non-poisonous Rotenone kills both sucking and eating insects. Can be used safely on edible crops. Use on all plants. 1 lb., 30c; 5 lb., 70c; 25 lb., \$3.60; 100 lb., \$14.25. Plus postage.

## HAMMOND'S TRIAD - for Roses



AFE . EASY TO US PLANT SPRAY-PYRETHRUM-ROTENONE Concentrate — Non-poisonous. Kills all Insects. 1 oz. makes 6 gals. spray. No spreader needed—Complete concentrated spray. 1 oz., 35c; 4 oz., \$1.00; Pint, \$2.25; Quart, \$4.00; Gallon, \$12.00. Plus postage.

KEEPS DOGS AWAY-A tube hung on shrubbery repels dogs. Also in liquid form, to be sprayed on ornamentals to DOG-SKAT repel animals. Large tube, 25c; small tube, 15c; 3 oz. Bottle spray. 35c. Plus postage.

# Hamilton Seed & Coal Company

116 First Street, S. E.

600 Oakland Avenue

CEDAR RAPIDS. IOWA

# Sensational QUINTUPLET APPLE TREE

An amazing new development lets you grow 5 different varieties on one tree

Think af it—you can pick 5 different kinds of Apples fram the same tree—lusciaus Red ar Yellaw Delicious Apples an this branch, tangy red Janathan an that branch, juicy Wealthy aver here and tasty Yellaw Transparent aver there. A camplete archard of Summer, Fall and Winter Apples on ane

Summer, Fall and Winter Apples on ane Tree.

There is na guess-wark about it far the idea has been carefully tested and we can guarantee the results. In addition to the Quintuplet Apple Trees we can supply Triplets and Quadruplets (3 or 4 varieties) on the same tree. You may prefer the Triplets because you will have a larger crap of each kind.

## Special INTRODUCTORY PRICES

Quintuplet Trees (5 varieties) Each \$165 Quadruplet Trees (4 varieties)...Each \$1.25
Triplet Trees (3 varieties)......Each 1.00

For other varieties of Hardy Fruits, see page 18D

# Everblooming

at only \$1 for 6

2 Red, 1 Pink, 1 Yellow 1 Multi-colored and 1 White.

Our selection fram the lavely varieties described an page 188 (right hand page af insert calar spread). Each bush labeled. Nat sold separately.

These 2 year field grawn bushes are nat as big as our regular Rases but each will bloam all summer. Unusual value at this new law price.

Na mail ar telephone arders accepted far this special feature.



# Choice EVERGREENS

A wide selection of varieties that will thrive in this climate. All Northern grown, extra fine specimens. Dug with a large ball of soil to insure vigorous growth.

PFITZER JUNIPER. The best spreading type Juniper. Thrives in sun or shade, under any conditions. May be trained upright. 18" to 24", each \$3.00; 2 to 2½ ft., each \$3.50. CONCOLOR FIR. A gem from the Rocky Mountains, rarely exceeds 20 ft. in height. Intense silver gray foliage something like Colorado Blue Spruce, but of a softer texture, longer, broader, flatter, with needles more blunt. 2 to  $2\frac{1}{2}$  ft., each \$2.00;  $2\frac{1}{2}$  to 3 ft., \$2.50.

BLACK HILL SPRUCE. Always a little beauty, with its heavy, thick faliage, and its perfect symmetry. Calor is a bright glaucaus green, sometimes intense blue. Extremely hardy, easy to establish, maturing at 35 to 40 feet. 2 to  $2^{1}/_{2}$  ft., each \$2.00;  $2^{1}/_{2}$  to 3 ft., each \$2.75; 4 to 5 ft., each \$4.00. PYRAMIDAL ARBOR-VITAE.

Formal compact pyramids thickly covered with lacy, bright green faliage, never growing too tall or bushy. Fits perfectly into entrance or foundation setting. 2 to 3 ft., each \$3.00; 3 to 4 ft., each \$4.00.

RED CEDAR (Virginiana). An old favorite and one of the most dependable Evergreens for our climate. Broad base pyramidal habit

mate. Broad base pyramidal habit for specimen ar foundation planting. 2 to 3 ft., each \$2.75.

JAPANESE UPRIGHT YEW (Cuspidata). Handsome indeed are the broad, well filled pyramids, so effectively used as lawn specimens. Equally desirable for foundation groups and rockeries. Prefers partial shade. 2 to  $2\frac{1}{2}$  ft., each \$6.00;  $2\frac{1}{2}$  to 3 ft., each

COLORADO BLUE SPRUCE. The tree that everyone longs for-with its wonderful covering of silver blue, and its superb form—grace-ful branches cascading in even layers from a tapering crown to a broad base. Combines complete hardiness with charm and beauty. 18" to 24", each \$4.00; 3 to 4 ft., each \$8.00.

SILVER CEDAR (Scopulorum). A broad base pyramidal Juniper with very attractive silver blue foliage. Very hardy and drauth resistant.  $2\frac{1}{2}$  to 3 ft., each \$4.50.

For Shade Trees, see page 18A.